# OLYMPIC LEADER

VOL. 26. NO. 15 PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON, FRIDAY, APRIL 8, 1910 PAGES 1 TO 8



## Phelps Dry Goods Co's.

## Smart Trimmed Millinery

There is featured in our store at various prices a wide variety of new and exclusive modes in French Millinery for dress and evening wear.

Embraced in the collection is an eminent display of Hats adorned with garlands of flowers and other trimmings.

Chip Hats, trimmed in latest French models.

Leghorn Hats, beautifully flower trimmed.

Tailored Hats, trimmed with quills and fancy feathers.

### Untrimmed Millinery

Including the latest American and French makes in colors, shapes and proportions to meet almost all requirements—at attractive prices.

Ready-to-trim, hand-sewed Hair or any kind of hats.

Blocked Hats of Hair, Milan, rough braids or Chip straw

**HATS MADE TO ORDER OR RETRIMMED**
Under Management of Expert Trimmer

No matter what your fad or fancy or style required, we ask you to give this department a trial and be convinced. We will aid you in selecting proper shape and trimmings to suit.

***New Arrivals***

Linen Suits of all kinds for Ladies and Misses summer wear and for outings. We have them in all colors and latest makes and styles and in all the sizes. Some of these suits are of Pongee Silk, High Grade Linsn and Duck.

## Phelps Dry Goods Co.



**The Only Recognized Leading Hostelry for Public and Commercial Travelers**

## Hotel Angeles

M. J. KERKES, Proprietor.

**Special Attention Given to Catering for Dinners, Luncheons and Spreads.**

The only newly furnished hotel in the city and best accommodations. All patrons given special care and attention.

**The only house in Port Angeles selling imported goods. Orders delivered free to all parts of the city.**

We sell Coberger Beer in bottles.



## $25 CASH
## $10 PER MONTH
## Buys Ten-Acre Homes

Of the finest vegetable and fruit land in western Washington; 30 minutes drive from postoffice at Port Angeles. This land will eventually become city property. Prices $50 to $65 per acre. TERMS $25 cash on on each 10 acre tract Balance $10 per month.

100 Lots in Mallette Second Addition. $10 cash on each lot. Balance $2.50 per manth. Price $65 and $75 per corners.

**Further Particulars Write to**

## Chehalis Realty Company
**Port Angeles, Washington**


## INTERESTING SESSION OF CITY COUNCIL

### Granting Power Franchise Over the Mayor's Veto - The Front Street Grade - Officers Reports

Another interesting sitting of the city council was held Tuesday night at which the Aldwell franchise contract was passed over the head of the mayor by the same vote by which it was originally passed. Messrs. Myers and Elliot alone supporting the mayor's veto.

First street grade was restored and Front street grade pushed back to a consideration some time in July.

All members were in their places.

Resignation of J. D. McQueen as street superintendent was read, and, upon motion of Mr. Harding, accepted.

The mayor here read his veto of the Aldwell power ordinance which follows these proceedings.

The following telegram to A. J. Cosser from ex-City Engineer Cotterill of Seattle was also read: Seattle city water power system charges sliding scale electric power furnished 24 hour service, 1c down, .006c kilowatt hour. This makes the rate $5 a month per horse power for plant capacity 1 to 20, $4 from 20 to 100, $3 over 100 horse power. Mr. Stakemiller moved that "we proceed to reconsider the vote by which the ordinance passed." Mr. Grubb then moved that the ordinance be passed over the mayor's veto. This brought out an extended discussion in which all members partook, including the mayor, Mr. Aldwell and his engineer, the latter admitting that the mayor's figures were correct but denying that 150 horse power meant continuous service although the ordinance so stated.

Mr. Harding moved that the state board be invited to help us clean up our city.

Mr. Elliott, chairman of health committee, was given a week to make a report of conditions in an effort to get a clear cut vote.

City attorney and mayor were directed to draft a memorial to congress asking that a law be passed whereby the government will advance for the grading of the streets in front of the government property, and to tax same against the property in the event of the squatters getting the lots.

In the matter of the grade of Front street, the committee of the whole reported back ordinance with the request that they be discharged from further consideration, as they could not come to any agreement. It was so ordered. Upon motion of Mr. Harding street grade petition was filed and proceedings put off until July.

Upon motion of Myres, $100 each on 5th street between Race and Jones and on 7th street between Race and Chambers was ordered expended, giving as his reason for the motion that the district never had anything from the city.

Bids were opened for the construction of the White creek bridge as follows:

J. Woods agreed to furnish all material and construct bridge according to plans and specifications for $2,400, $75 additional to be charged for tearing down old bridge.

Gate City Pile Driving Co., same, $2,590.

Bids were referred to the street commissioner and city attorney.

Crossings on C street from 5th to 12th were ordered put in by street superintendent.

MAYOR'S VETO.

Port Angeles, Wash. April 4th, 1910.
To the Honorable Council of the City of Port Angeles.

Gentlemen:—I return herewith an ordinance entitled, An ordinance granting to Thomas T. Aldwell, his associates, heirs and assigns, the right, privilege, license, authority and franchise to erect, construct and maintain poles and wires over, along and across streets, avenues and alleys of the City of Port Angeles, in Clallam County, Washington. And to construct, equip and maintain conduits in said streets, avenues and alleys, and to install and maintain all such other means, equipment or devices as may be necessary, proper

Continued on page 8.

## CITY LOCAL OPTION PETITION IS FILED.

### Names to Spare---Country Precincts Report Sentiment Almost Unanimous

The petition for the calling of the special Local Option election to be held June 20, was filed with the city clerk Wednesday. It contains 225 names or about 25 per cent more than the required number. The names were secured with the exception of a few within three days, and the unanimity by which they were received bespeaks a most encouraging and universal belief of the people in the principle of majority rule.

A feature of the petition is the large number of business men who have signed it. Two-thirds of the others, barring the saloon men, have expressed their favor for the measure but feel that they cannot afford to take sides.

Word has been received from various parts of the county of liberal signing, one solicitor reporting securing 23 signatures of 25 asked, others nearly as well. It is just a question of covering the distance between farms to get signatures and to spare. Sequim precinct promises to voice its sentiment in no uncertain terms. They will send in a petition nearly equal to their entire vote at the last general election; they have seen the demoralizing effect of a saloon in their midst upon their young men, and the "boarding" up process will not work with them again. Other precincts will do likewise; the people only await the opportunity to affix their signatures; even Dungeness, whose citizens now resent the imputation that the place has not improved morally, is signing large for a chance to have a clean-cut vote on this momentous question.

In order to have the election at the time specified the petitions must all be in, checked, compared and filed with the county auditor by the 19th inst. not any too much time. All those having petitions are asked to push the work that the petitions may be put in good shape in plenty of time. Some may have to be returned for correction as the law is specific as to requirements.

The question is one of the great economic issues of the day and is being considered from an economic standpoint.

## DEVELOPING POWER PLANT

### Aldwell and Associates Granted the Franchise - Development Work Started Immediately

The development of the Elwha power plant is now an assured fact. The owners, Messrs. Aldwell and Glines, have secured their franchise for power from the city for a term of twenty-five years. They have begun operations already by securing Engineer FitzHenry to make immediate surveys and estimates for the proposed work, and he is getting his crew in readiness for the large amount of work that it will take to complete the plans and the details of the specifications so as to get contractors to bid on the proposed dam and power house as soon sa possible.

Mr. Aldwell is now making ready for bids for the removing of the big log jam in the river at or near the proposed site. While the company has asked for two years in which to build this plant and give to the city electric current, Mr. Glines writes assuringly that they can, if nothing interfers from the present outlook, have power into this city by 1911. He, being over zealous in the belief of the wonders this power will work for this community, is working all the harder to have the plant finished as soon as possible. Mr. Glines, being a heavy investor in this part of the country, and wishi g to build it up as rapidly as possible, will do all he can to see this work progress, and to have the honor of developing one of the largest power plants in the state. He is a firm believer that no city can long grow without the principal factor, cheap power and that means a big pay roll.

Mrs. Emma Ada Church, wife of De Church, died at the family home Tuesday evening, April 5, after a lingering illness. Funeral services are being held today, at 1:30 p.m., from the McKee & LaFlower Capel, Pine Hill.


## ...THE...
## Leader Department STORE

**Outfit Yourselves out of this store for your summer wear and requirements. We have on hand a good variety of Summer Wool suits, Summer Wool Dresses, Summer Coats and Dusters.**

Our display of Summer Shirt Waists is at its best. A good selection can now be had. Prices are absolutely as low as any Eastern Mail Order House. Prices start at 50c and gradually go up to 3.50

### Countess High Grade Waists

Made of Chifion, Silk, Satin, Net and Lace in many different colors at 3.50 up to 8.50

### Dress Skirts of New Styles

In Voile, Panama, Serge and Novelty Cloths, different shades, priced extremely low from 3.50 up to 8.50

### Ladies and Misses Suits

We invite special attention to the quality and prices on our suits compared with otheas, at 12.50 to 25.00

Our Linen Wash Suits for street and country wear at 7.50 and 8.50 per suit, in white, Natural, Catawba and Lavender

### Summer Underwear

The right kind at the right prices is what should be the purchasers' aim, prices are 15c, 20c, 25c, 35c, 50c

### Shoes

The famous Gotzian shoes, that fit easy, for Ladies and Misses, with either high or low heels arranged in prices from 2.25, 2.50, 3.00, 3.50

Children Shoes, the excusive A. E. Brown Children Shoe Factory, furnishes the best on the market at absolute right price. They will not rip Priced 55c up to 1.65

### Mens and Boys Shoes

A good variety of a first class quality, We save you from 50c up to 1.00 on every pair. The saving part is up to you. If a dollar has any value to you then come to us. If not, then go elsewhere and pay more.

Men's Shoes priced 3.00 to 4.50
Boys' Shoes priced 1.69 to 2.25

## LEADER DEPARTMENT STORE

# Olympic Leader

WEBSTER PUB. CO.

Port Angeles, - - - Wash.


## Minor Happenings of the Week

Senator Aldrich announced on leaving the White House Friday that Congress would be able to adjourn by June 15.

The dollar-a-day pension bill fathered by Representative Sherwood (Dem., O.) has been favorably reported to the House by the military affairs committee.

Purchases of water front areas on Esquimalt harbor, Victoria, on behalf of a German syndicate, made Saturday, have given rise to reports tnat a German shipbuilding plant is to be established there.

The Plummer-Moose Lake branch of the Soo line will be completed to Duluth in time to haul next fall's grain crop to the terminals at the head of the lakes. Grading operations have been resumed all along the line.

Announcement is made by the interior department that because of the lack of funds, that part of the Payette-Boise irrigation project situated north of the Boise river probably will not be constructed by the government.

At New Westminster, B. C., Thursday night a big celebration, including a torchlight procession, fireworks display and music, heralded the removal of the tolls from the bridge across the Frazer river at that place.

President Taft has definitely decided not to carry out his plan for a journey to Alaska this approaching summer. It was announced that he will go directly to his country home at Beverly, Mass., when congress adjourns.

All mail records were broken last week when three bags of English mail reached Victoria, via New York and Seattle from London, in nine and three-quarter days. They left Liverpool on the morning of March 20 on the steamer Lusitania.

The New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company has filed with the interstate commerce commission schedules of increases in its passenger rates. These advances are due to the increase in wages made recently to the company's employes.

A sub-committee of the House committee on the District of Columbia has reported favorably a bill by Representative Murphy of Missouri, under the terms of which tip-giving or tip-receiving in hotels, restaurants and cafes in Washington City shall constitute a misdemeanor.

On order of Probate Judge Coffey of San Francisco the $500,000 estate of Joseph Friedman was transmitted to St. Petersburg to be distributed among the poor of Iitau, Russia. Friedman, who was a wealthy merchant of San Francisco, made the bequest to the poor of his native town.

### BILL PROVIDES FOR LEASE OF ALASKA COAL AND OIL

Washington, April 2.—Another bill for the "conservation of coal and oil in the territory of Alaska" has been introduced by Representative Good, of Iowa.

It makes permanent the withdrawal of coal and oil lands in Alaska and provides that they shall never be sold, but may be leased under the direction of the secretary of the interior, with the consent of the president. Public notice of the intention to lease shall be printed in daily newspapers published at Seattle, San Francisco, Denver, St. Paul, Chicago and Washington. Leases shall be granted to the person bidding the highest royalty. They shall contain a provision fixing a minimum limitation of the amount of coal to be taken out each year.

There is a provision intended to prevent combination, on pain of forfeiture. The secretary of the interior is directed to cause the coal and oil land in the territory to be surveyed at once.

### COOK TO GET FUNDS TO HELP PROVE CLAIMS.

New York, April 4.—On the authority of Capt. B. F. Osbon, one of the most active supporters of Dr. Frederick A. Cook, the explorer, it was announced last night that about $175,000 had been guaranteed toward a fund to help Dr. Cook prove his claim to discovery of the North Pole.

"A prominent Western man," said Capt. Osbon, "has pledged $100,000 of this sum, and Eastern friends of the explorer the remainder. More will be forthcoming if needed.

"Dr. Cook has been in no shape, either physically or mentally, to do himself justice in a fight for his rights. He is being strongly urged, however, to come home at once and take measures to establish his claim, as I am sure he can," said Capt. Osbon.

#### Work Resumed on Dam.

Malott, April 2.—After being closed down during winter months, work has been resumed on the government Okanogan irrigation project dam near Conconully.

## Washington State News Items

Cathlamet has decided to install a municipal water plant.

Work is being rushed on the new interurban railway line between Chehalis and Centralia.

Everett will celebrate the opening of the new interurban line between that city and Seattle.

The Milwaukee road has decided to build through Monroe on its way from the main line to Everett.

saloon licenses. The majority was 17.

Thirty convicts will be put to work at the state rock crushing plant at Meskill.

The senate committee has favorably reported the bill permitting Whitman college to buy Fort Walla Walla military reservation.

At a meeting of the delegates of the Western Bowling Congress at San Francisco last week, Spokane, Wash., was selected as the meeting place for the 1911 tournament of the congress.

By a majority of 151 the voters of Georgetown decided to become a part of Greater Seattle last week. Territory completely surrounding Georgetown had already become part of Seattle.

According to Louis R. Horton, superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, a petition is to be circulated for a local option election at Spokane. It is planned to have the election occur in October.

The state board of control will receive bids for supplies until April 15 for the shop row at the state training school at Chehalis which is to be built by the boys of the institution.

Dayton has again decided against

The Irondale Improvement Club has been formed and if the club plans are matured the beautiful rhododendrons native to the soil will soon be flourishing in every front yard in Irondale, giving to the city an unusual and valuable decorative asset.

Secretary Koors in a report being made up for the state tax commission, covering October 1, 1908, to March 29, 1910, shows that the tax commission has collected $140,928.57 inheritance taxes. During the same period the escheats amounted to $12,067.50, making a total of $152,996.07.

The state highway board has awarded to Guernsey & Kincaid the contract for state aid road No. 61, connecting Orillia and Kent. Before the summer is over it is predicted that the macadam road between Seattle and Tacoma, planned by the state, will be completed. The contract just let will total about $60,000.

### SAGE MONEY TO BE USED TO FIGHT LOAN SHARKS.

New York, April 4.—Mrs. Russell Sage has inaugurated a State-wide plan to thwart the loan sharks who fatten upon the necessities of the poor. She has returned from her trip across the continent to put into immediate effect measures to save the unfortunate from the exactions of the usurer.

The Sage millions will capitalize a chain of model loan establishments which will advance money to the poor on their household goods at the legal rate of interest.

The plan has been prepared by the Sage Foundation, in co-operation with Orion H. Cheney, State superintendent of banks, and awaits only Mrs. Sage's final approval.

Mr. Cheney, who has been waging a bitter war upon the loan sharks, said today:

"When the Sage Foundation enters this field not only will it accomplish a most worthy misison but at the same time it can be made financially profitable. The concerns which take unfair advantage of the unfortunates who are financially embarrassed will be either driven out of the business or forced to conduct their business on the same fair basis as the Sage Foundation."

Mr. Cheney said he believed the poor who have to resort to the securing of loans on their furniture should be cared for in preference to the class that secures advances on salary.

### CHARTER FOR SECOND SEATTLE TACOMA LINE

Seattle, April 2.—Following the granting by the county commissioners of a fifty-year franchise to the Seattle-Tacoma Short Line, covering the use of county roads at crossings, and of certain portions of the roads between Seattle and the Pierce county line, Frederick H. Murray, general counsel of the road, announced that construction work will commence within sixty days, and that the entire line will be completed in from twelve to eighteen months.

The survey, which is largely over right-of-way already acquired, shows a distance between Seattle and Tacoma of twenty-nine miles, which Murray says fast trains will cover in one hour.

#### Further Change in House Rules.

Washington, April 2.—Representative Sherley, of Kentucky, in the house discussed his resolution providing a method by which a majority could bring before the house any bill pigeonholed by a committee. He recognized, in the light of recent events, that a majority of the house could control its affairs, but he offered his rule as an orderly way in which to accomplish this result, thus avoiding the necessity for revolutionary tactics.

## EASTERN MINERS QUIT WORK

### THOUSANDS GO OUT PENDING SETTLEMENT OF WAGE SCALE.

**Hope Expressed for an Early Adjustment of Questions at Issue—Fuel Famine Not Likely Because of Large Quantities of Coal Stored Up for Emergency.**

Indianapolis, Ind., April 2.—Three hundred thousand organized miners of the bituminous coal fields of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana. Illinois. Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma and Arkansas are out, pending settlement of a new wage scale.

Officers of the United Mine Workers of North America declared the walkout was not a strike, but merely a suspension of work because no wage scale had been made to replace the old scale, which expired with March.

#### Demands of Miners.

The miners demand an increase of pay, in some instances of 5 cents a ton and in other instances more, with certain changes in working conditions.

Confidence was expressed by the operators that there would be no general coal famine, large supplies of fuel having been stored in anticipation of the walkout.

While the miners predict the suspension will be cut short by a prompt signing of wage scales, some of the operators maintain the mines may be kept closed for a month or longer.

#### Indiana Partly Settled.

The first settlement came in an announcement from Brazil, Ind., the center of the Indiana block coal field, where the demand for a 5-cent increase was granted. The conditions in the various states reported to the national union headquarters follow:

Illinois—Nine hundred mines closed and 75,000 miners out; joint conference on wages called for Monday in Chicago; operators say men demand increase of 10 cents a ton; possibility of a fourth-months shutdown; two months' supply of coal on hand; no immediate coal famine in Chicago.

#### Conference Arranged.

Indiana—Eighteen thousand miners out; conference arranged for Wednesday at Terre Haute.

Pennsylvania—Forty thousand men ordered out; temporary scale expected by Saturday; settlement of the powder question to be held in abeyance.

Iowa—Every mine in Iowa ordered closed pending settlement of the wage scale.

Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma and Arkansas, comprising the Southwestern interstate fields—Thirty-five thousand miners out; early settlement expected; miners assert they have $400,000 to carry on the fight.

#### West Is Joining.

Ohio—Miners ordered to quit work at midnight; state leader declares it is brief suspension; at Lorain steel plant shut down and threw out 4,000 workers because of coal shortage.

Colorado—It is considered certain that the 3,000 miners of the Northern Colorado coal fields will go on strike immediately.

Kentucky—Union coal miners of Western Kentucky quit work Thursday night. Both sides have appointed wage committees to confer. The miners ask a 6-cent increase per ton.

#### Estimate of Men Out.

President Lewis, before leaving to visit the centers of the different mining fields, made the following estimate of the number of miners affected by the suspension of work:

Western and Central Pennsylvania, 100,000; Ohio, 47,000; Indiana, 18,000; West Virginia, 10,000; Illinois, 72,000; Iowa, 15,000; Michigan, 3,000; Kansas, Arkansas, Texas and Oklahoma, 25,000; Colorado, 5,000; Western Kentucky, 5,000. Total, 300,000.

Reviewing the situation, President Lewis said:

"When the national executive board adjourned Thursday night we all felt the prospect was very satisfactory for the miners.

"In Eastern Ohio, where we expected strong opposition, it is reported three of the largest companies are ready to sign the contract."

### RECLAMATION BOND ISSUE APPEARS DEAD.

Washington, April 2.—The proposition to issue $30,000,000 in government certificates of indebtedness to complete irrigation projects, one of the administration's conservation measures, was discussed by Director F. H. Newell of the Reclamation Service. Mr. Newell told the committee that $7,000,000 annually was coming into the reclamation fund, which was sufficient to complete existing projects. He carefully avoided an attitude of refusing the $30,000,000 for the service in case it was voted.

He was closely questioned as to whether the government was endeavoring to induce settlers to take up government land in preference to private lands, and denied that such was the case.

Prominent members of the ways and means committee, including Representatives Payne, Dalzell, Clark of Missouri and Underwood of Alabama, were opposed to the bill, and it is predicted it will not pass.

## ROOSEVELT IS NOT TO SEE POPE

### COULD NOT ACCEPT LIMITATIONS AUDIENCE WOULD IMPOSE.

**In Personal Statement to Press Former President Asks Both Catholics and Protestants to Regard Incident as Absolutely Personal and That No Feeling of Bitterness Ensue.**

Rome, April 4.—The audience which it was believed ex-President Roosevelt would have with the Pope on Tuesday, April 5, will not take place, owing to conditions which the Vatican has imposed and which Mr. Roosevelt refused to accept.

Although the definite negotiations relative to the audience ended before Mr. Roosevelt left Egypt, the announcement was withheld until after Mr. Roosevelt reached Rome last night, at the solicitation of his American Catholic friends here, who believed in the meantime the Vatican might change its attitude.

#### American Intervenes.

One of the former President's American friends, who had been with him in Egypt, came to Rome yesterday, without any authorization from Mr. Roosevelt, and interceded with Cardinal Merry del Val, the papal secretary, in an endeavor to avoid a situation which, as it now stands, has caused a real sensation in Rome, although it was not entirely unexpected. But his efforts were unavailing.

While at Gondokoro in February last Mr. Roosevelt wrote to Ambassador Leishman, saying he would be glad of the honor of an audience with King Victor Emmanuel and the Pope. The audience with the king was promptly arranged. Before an arrangement could be reached relative to an audience with the pope, several telegrams were passed.

The negotiations were ended by Mr. Roosevelt refusing in any way to be limited as to his conduct, and announcing that an audience with the pope under the circumstances was now impossible.

#### History of Negotiations.

The history of the negotiations is about as follows:

While at Cairo Mr. Roosevelt received the following telegram from Ambassador Leishman, dated March 23:

"Mgr. Kennedy, Rector of the American Catholic College: In reply to an inquiry which I caused to be made, requests the following communication be transmitted to you: 'The Holy Father will be delighted to grant an audience to Mr. Roosevelt on April 5, and hopes that nothing will arise to prevent it, such as the much regretted incident which made the reception of Mr. Fairbanks impossible.'"

#### Mr. Roosevelt's Reply.

Replying by cable to Ambassador Leishman on March 25, Mr. Roosevelt said:

"Please present the following to Mgr. Kennedy: 'It would be a real pleasure for me to be presented to the Holy Father, for whom I entertain high respect, both personally and as the head of a great church. I fully recognize his entire right to receive or not receive whosoever he chooses, for any reason that seems good to him, and if he does not receive me, I shall not for a moment question the propriety of his action. On the other hand, I in my turn, decline to make any stipulations or submit to any conditions which in any way would limit my freedom of conduct. I trust on April 5 he will find it convenient to receive me.'"

On March 28 Mr. Roosevelt, at Cairo, received a cablegram from Ambassador Leishman giving the message from Mgr. Kennedy, which concluded by saying:

#### Audience Impossible.

"The audience cannot take place except on the understanding expressed in the former message."

The following day Mr. Roosevelt sent another message to the American ambassador, saying:

"The proposed presentation is, of course, now impossible."

Mr. Roosevelt particularly desired that the incident shall be regarded by his friends, both Catholic and Protestant, in America, as personal, and that it shall not give rise to an acrimonious controversy.

With this end in view he cabled today the following statement to Rev. Lyman Abbott, editor of The Outlook, at New York:

#### A Personal Statement.

"Through The Outlook I wish to make a statement to my fellow-Americans regarding what has occurred in connection with the Vatican. I am sure that the great majority of my fellow-citizens, Catholics quite as much as Protestants, will feel that I acted in the only way possible for an American to act, and because of this very fact, I most earnestly hope that the incident will be treated in a matter-of-course way as merely personal and, above all, as not warranting the slightest exhibition of rancor or bitterness.

"Among my best and closest friends are many Catholics. The respect and regard of those of my fellow-Americans who are Catholics are as dear to me as the respect and regard of those who are Protestants.

"On my journey through Africa I visited many Catholic as well as Protestant missions. As I look forward to telling the people at home all that has been done by Protestants and Catholics alike, as I saw it, in the field of missionary endeavor, it would cause me a real pang to have anything said or done that would hurt or give pain to my friends, whatever their religious belief. But my merely personal considerations are of no consequence in this matter. The important consideration is the avoidance of harsh and bitter comment such as may excite mistrust and anger between and among good men.

#### Grateful for Toleration.

"The more an American sees of other countries, the more profound must be his feelings of gratitude that in his own land there is not merely complete toleration, but the heartiest good-will and sympathy between sincere and honest men of different faiths — good-will and sympathy so complete that in the innumerable relations of our daily life Catholics and Protestants meet together and work together without thought of the difference of creed being even present in their minds.

"This is a condition so vital to our national well-being that nothing should be permitted to jeopardize it. To seize upon such an incident as this as an occasion for controversy would be wholly indefensible, and should be frowned upon by Catholics and Protestants alike, and all good Americans."

The failure to arrange an audience between Col. Roosevelt and the pope, which was known only in certain circles yesterday, is expected to create a tremendous stir here, as well as abroad, far overshadowing the importance of the incident in which former Vice-President Fairbanks was the principal.

### ROOSEVELT WILL BE GUEST OF EMPEROR

Berlin, April 2.—Emperor William has formally invited ex-President Roosevelt to be his personal guest at the palace for three of the five days Col. Roosevelt will spend in Berlin. The ex-president will arrive here on the evening of May 9 and will be entertained by David Jayne Hill, the American ambassador, until the 12th, when the emperor will return to the capital from the provinces. Then Col. Roosevelt will go to the palace.

The emperor will throw court precedence to the winds during Col. Roosevelt's stay. The masters of ceremonies and the court chamberlains are dismayed by the emperor's determination to give a private and nonofficial person precedence at the dinners and elsewhere over everybody, even the royal princes. The expectation is that the emperor, who has given much thought to the entertainment of his distinguished American guest, is preparing surprises for three days in which he will give up to the ex-president the most of his time.

"What do you think Mr. Roosevelt would like to see in Berlin?" inquired the emperor of President Wheeler, of the University of California, a few days before the professor left for home.

"Men," said Prof. Wheeler. "Mr. Roosevelt would, I think, prefer, above other things, to meet representative German men."

Prof. Wheeler also thought Mr. Roosevelt might like to hear some good music, to see one or two galleries and to visit Frederick the Great's country house, "Sans Souci," at Potsdam.

While the emperor did not say directly he would follow the suggested outline, it is likely he will have a distinguished company to dine with Mr. Roosevelt and will arrange for an opera in his honor.

The University of Berlin will bestow the degree of doctor of laws upon Col. Roosevelt. While the senate of the university has not yet acted upon the suggestion, it will be brought before that body by the rector and no doubt will be approved.

### RAILROAD EMPLOYES GET WAGE INCREASES.

St. Paul, April 2.—Switchmen of the Northwest will get a wage increase of 3 cents an hour beginning Friday, according to an official announcement made by the St. Paul railroads. This increase, officials say, is made in connection with the award given by the board of arbitration which recently settled differences between switchmen and the general managers' committee in Chicago. They assert that the idea in giving additional pay is purely for the purpose of giving the men here as much as they are getting in other parts of the country.

Philadelphia, April 2.—Following the lead of the Pennsylvania Railroad Co., which has given a 6 per cent. wage increase to 195,000 employes on all roads connected with its system east and west of Pittsburg, came an announcement from the Philadelphia & Reading Co. of a similar advance to its men.

Like that of the Pennsylvania, the Reading's increases affect all employes whose wages are less than $300 a month. The Reading's advance, however, does not include those employes whose wages have been adjusted within the last 90 days. Including these, the raise affects about 37,000 employes.

The prosperous condition of the roads and the high cost of living are given as the reasons for the increases.

#### School Course Includes Gardening.

Ellensburg, April 4.—Training in the principles of agriculture as part of the year's work in the public schools of Kittitas county is planned by Mrs. Genevra Barkley, county superintendent. The work is to be undertaken by the teachers, who will teach from text books in the winter months, and in the spring and summer instruct the pupils in practical gardening.

## FOR AGGRESSIVE DEFENSE

### CRITICISMS OF ADMINISTRATION WILL NOT PASS UNCHALLENGED.

**President Now Declared to Be Ready and Anxious to Assume the Offensive — First Guns to Be Fired Next Saturday in Washington and at Chicago.**

Washington, April 4.—The Taft administration is about to defend itself aggressively before the people of the United States. Convinced that the public mind has been impressed by attacks upon the administration in many parts of the country, and that the criticisms cannot be permitted to pass unanswered without injury to Republican prestige, the party leaders have decided to "carry the war into the enemy's country."

President Taft is now declared to be ready and anxious to assume the offensive. The opening guns will be fired on next Saturday in Washington by the President in person, and in Chicago by Attorney General Wickersham.

#### President on Organization.

Mr. Taft will speak in this city on the subject of organization and he will be supported by other powerful orators of the Republican party. Attorney General Wickersham's subject will be the policies of the administration. Other speakers on the platform with President Taft will be Senator Lodge, Representative McKinley of Illinois, chairman of the Republican congressional committee; Representative Duncan McKinlay of California, and John Hays Hammond.

The party, it is said, expects confidently to close the session of Congress with interstate commerce, Statehood, postal savings, anti-injunctions and conservation legislation to its credit.

#### Rumors of Cabinet Changes.

There are rumors that before the congressional elections some changes may be expected in the President's cabinet, but none of these stories can be confirmed. In fact, no one professes to have any first-hand information on the subject. At the same time the general impression seems to be that an effort will be made to strengthen the cabinet in a political way.

Among the retirements oftenest mentioned as possible as those of Secretary Dickinson and Postmaster General Hitchcock. Also, it is said, Mr. Ballinger may resign from the Interior Department after the present investigation, if the change can be made without subjecting himself to the charge of retiring under fire.

#### Want Change in Treasury.

Some of the party leaders are urging upon the President the advisability of appointing to the Treasury some man who has been affiliated with the party. There is no dissatisfaction with the administration of Secretary MacVeagh, but some politicians argue that the President should not hesitate to use every leverage to advance the administration politically. If two or more changes should be made in the cabinet it is said, with some show of authority, that one of the places would go to William Loed, Jr., former secretary to Mr. Roosevelt, and now collector of customs in New York.

#### Hughes May Get Bench.

No one in the confidence of President Taft, it is said, would be surprised if the vacancy on the Supreme Court bench, caused by the death of the late Justice Brewer, should be offered to Governor Hughes of New York. That the President would offer the place to the New York executive was stated last night at a gathering of Republicans, several of whom are close to the President.

It was stated that Governor Hughes had not been sounded on the subject, but the general opinion seemed to be that he would not accept the place. It is generally expected here that the appointment will go to Solicitor General Lloyd W. Bowers.

### HILL LINE TO BUILD MORE SNOW SHEDS.

Portland, Ore., April 2.—With characteristic energy James J. Hill is planning to extend the Great Northern's gigantic snow sheds so tnat there will in the future be no recurrence of disasters such as that which swept scores to death recently at Wellington.

Through the expenditure of vast sums the railroad will protect its tracks through the mountains at all places where danger of avalanches is considered at all probable. Mr. Hill is determined to maintain uninterrupted communication over his line at all stages of winter weather.

The above announcement comes in the form of a letter from James J. Hill to Samuel Hill, of Seattle, a son-in-law of the empire builder, who is now in Portland.

President Hill says he will, early in April, take a trip west to determine just what will be necessary.

#### A. T. & T. Company Increases Stock.

Albany, N. Y., April 2—The American Telephone & Telegraph Company has filed with the secretary of state a certificate of increase of capital stock from $200,000,000 to $500,000,000. This makes it next to the largest corporation in the world, the United States Steel Corporation being the leader.

# REFERENDUM IS PRAISED

### REPLY TO QUERY FROM WASHINGTON DIRECT LEGISLATION LEAGUE.

**Senator U'Ren, of Oregon, Gives Reasons for Believing Plan Has Been Successful in That State—Political Machine Said to Have Been Smashed.**

Answering the question: "What have the people of Oregon accomplished with the initiative and referendum?" propounded by the Direct Legislation League of Washington, State Senator William S. U'Ren, of Oregon City, has written the following:

"They have made a direct primary nominating elections law that is much more satisfactory in its results than was the old convention plan.

"They have adopted practical methods of selecting their United States senators, securing election by the legislature of the candidates selected by the people, thereby abolishing the greatest single source of corruption, waste and confusion in the legislature.

**Political Machine Destroyed.**

"They have destroyed the political machine and the job of the party bosses.

"They have abolished railroad passes within the state for public officers as well as for private individuals.

"They have stopped the grafters' sale of franchises in Portland and other cities.

"They have deprived the legislature of power to call a constitutional convention without the people's approval on referendum vote.

"They have given cities home rule in charter making.

"They have taught the legislature to respect the constitutional provision against putting special appropriations in the general appropriation bill.

"They have added the recall to the constitution, giving the people power to discharge state and local officers who prove to be incompetent or untrustworthy.

"They have removed the constitutional restriction preventing proportional representation and the election by a majority instead of a plurality vote.

"They have passed laws rejected by the legislature for taxing certain corporations.

"They have rejected some unpopular appropriations made by the legislature.

**Helps Poor Man Run for Office.**

"They have made a stringent law against the excessive use of money in election; a law which is designed, so far as money is concerned, to put a poor man on an equal footing with a rich man in seeking public office. It limits candidates to an expense hardly exceeding one-fourth of a year's salary in the office sought, and the state bears a large part of the outlay in the distribution of literature for parties and candidates.

"They have made a start toward protecting and preserving salmon and sturgeon in the Columbia river and its tributaries.

"They are developing a sense of individual responsibility for the success of self-government in Oregon, such as most men never felt when the legislature had the exclusive right to make laws and propose constitutional amendments.

"In addition to the above list of results, other measures have been secured and the people have rejected eleven measures, some proposed by initiative petition, and some proposed by the legislature."

## MOVEMENT TO RESTRICT POWER OF LORDS BEGUN

London, April 2.—The official opposition amendment to Premier Asquith's resolutions on the veto power of the house of lards, was moved in the house of commons by Sir Robert Bannatyne Ninlay. Winston Spencer Churchill, the house secretary, declared that the time for action had arrived. "Since the lords have used their veto to affront the prerogative of the crown and have invaded the rights of the commons," he said, "it has become necessary that the crown and the commons, acting together, should restore the balance of the constitution, and restrict forever the veto power of the house of lords."

**Heavy Customs Receipts.**

Seattle, April 2.—The local customs office of the United States government reports the total receipts for last month at $108,210, the heaviest for any March in its history. The total receipts of March last year were $78,000. Most of the income was on import business from the Orient. Usually June is the biggest month of the year for this business, and the officials are expecting a record-breaking volume.

**500,000 Grain Bags on Hand.**

Walla Walla, April 2.—About half a million grain bags remain to be distributed to first comers at the penitentiary, the time for distribution by apportioning expiring at midnight Thursday night. About a million were taken through the county distribution.

## COUNTIES PAY ALL OF UNEARNED LICENSE MONEY

Olympia, April 2.—In an opinion to the prosecuting attorney of Thurston county, Assistant Attorney General Magill rules that where territory votes dry the unearned liquor license money, less the 10 per cent that has been paid to the state, must be paid from the county current expense fund, the warrant to be issued by the county auditor the usual ten days after the commissioners allow the claim.

When the license money is paid to the county 10 per cent comes to the state, 35 per cent to the county school fund and 55 per cent to the county general fund.

Mr. Magill points out that as the school moneys are distributed to all districts in the county it would be impossible to draw back the funds, and that anyhow the law requires the county commissioners to order the 90 per cent repaid and the commissioners cannot draw warrants against the school funds, so necessarily the payments must come from the county current expense fund.

## LABOR AND FARMERS MAY FORM PARTY

St. Louis, April 2.—If the plans of Samuel Gompers and other labor leaders materialize, a new national political party composed of members of labor and farmers' unions throughout the United States will spring into being in St. Louis May 8. The labor leaders hope the farmers will be able to throw 4,000,000 votes to the new party, while the labor unions will contribute from 2,000,000 to 3,000,000, that is if the men voted as a unit.

With a voting strength of approximately 7,000,000 the labor party, according to the Gompers followers, will be able to elect the next president of the United States.

The recent decisions of the federal courts against labor leaders, according to Gompers and his associates, has made it necessary to create a new party to protect the interests of the man at the bottom of the ladder.

## REVOLUTION WILL CONTINUE SAYS U. S. SENATOR CLAPP.

Washington, April 2.—Asked to characterize the present situation within the Republican party, Senator Clapp of Minnesota said:

"It is a revolution having for its ultimate aim the restoration of power to the people, and to that extent taking it away from privilege. The movement is not new. It has been under way for a number of years, and it will continue until its purpose has been accomplished. What has recently taken place in the House is but a single manifestation of it. The entire country is aroused, and the agitation will continue until the right prevails."

## NORTHWESTERN FARMERS HOLDING MUCH WHEAT

Spokane, April 2.—Reports compiled by the statistical bureau of the Spokane Chamber of Commerce show that approximately 12,450,000 bushels of wheat was held by farmers in Washington, Oregon and Idaho at the end of March, as against 8,849,000 bushels on March 1, 1909. Of this amount there is 6,700,000 bushels in Washington, 3,500,000 in Idaho and 2,200,000 in Oregon. Eighteen per cent of the 1909 crop in Washington is still on the farms against 16 per cent in farmers' hands in 1908.

**Militia Inspector Detailed.**

Vancouver Barracks, Wash. April 4.—Capt. Oliver H. Dockery, Jr., Twenty-fifth Infantry, has been detailed to make the annual inspection of the Washington State militia, beginning April 4. Capt. Lacey was to have made the inspection, but he has been detailed as adjutant to Gen. Maus.

**Million for Postage Stamps.**

Seattle, April 2.—The million dollar mark in the sale of stamps was reached Friday at the Seattle postoffice. Postmaster George F. Russell's records show that on the fiscal year ending March 31 over a million dollars' worth have been passed out at the windows. It is the first time that sales have reached this figure.

**Government Sues for Coal Lands.**

Cheyenne, Wyo., April 2.—The government has filed suits in the United States court to recover title to thousands of acres of valuable coal lands in the Elk Mountain district, in Carbon county. The suits are signed by Attorney General Wickersham. The land involved is said to be valued at $5,000,000.

**Cotton Spindles Idle.**

Boston, April 2.—Fifty per cent. of the spindles in Soutnern cotton mills are idle, according to statistics assembled by the American Wool and Cotton Reporter. Mill after mill is closing down entirely until new cotton arrives or market conditions improve.

**Ezra Meeker Driving Mules.**

Walla Walla, April 2.—Ezra Meeker arrived yesterday on his way across the continent marking the way of the old Oregon trail. Meeker has made the trip before, but he won't be recognized this time, as he has replaced his oxen with a span of mules.

**Help Clean Up Spokane.**

Spokane, April 2—C. Herbert Moore manager of the 150,000 Club, says that more than 50,000 men, women and children participated in the work of the city beautiful committee the first four days of "cleaning week," beginning March 28.

# CLOSER TRADE RELATIONS

### PRESIDENT TAFT INVITES CANADA TO TALK MATTERS OVER.

**Invitation Follows Proclamation of Complete Tariff Agreement Between the Two Countries—Conference Will Aim at General Readjustment of Duties.**

Washington, April 1.—Following the proclamation of a complete tariff agreement with Canada, it is announced that President Taft has invited Canadian officials to a conference looking to closer trade relations between the two countries and to a general readjustment of duties.

The president's invitation to Canada is included in an exchange of notes between Secretary of State Knox and the Dominion government. The note expresses satisfaction at the happy termination of the tariff negotiations, and advances the hope that the way has been opened for an early settlement of all difference between the two governments, including the troublesome question of the water boundary line.

**President Brought Peace.**

The unofficial story of the negotiations with Canada looking to the settlement announced Wednesday, by which Canada is declared entitled to the minimum rates of the Payne-Aldrich law, is perhaps more interesting than the specific announcement as to just what articles are included in the concessions granted on either side.

President Taft from the first did not hesitate to let it be known that he would go a long way to avoid a tariff war with Canada. Such a war, he believed, would fall heavily upon American interests and manufacturers. It was the president who took the initiative in inviting Finance Minister Fielding to Albany to discuss the differences between the two countries. The exchange of views at Albany was such as to indicate that peace was assured.

**Canada Not Discriminatory.**

The charge that Canada was unduly discriminatory against the United States originally grew out of the Canadian treaty with France, whereby the latter country was given a reduction of from 2½ to 5 per cent. President Taft did not take the view that this was discriminatory, inasmuch as France in return offered to Canada a similar reduction of rates.

The United States, never having offered concessions to Canada, Mr. Taft held, could not expect such preferential treatment on the other side. There stood in the way, however, the fact that the reductions granted by Canada to France were automatically applied to thirteen other countries included in Great Britain's "favored nation" policy. This, the president held, did amount to discrimination against the United States.

**Basis of Settlement.**

President Taft made the point that Canada would be absolved from "undue discrimination" against the United States, if this country were given a 2½ per cent reductoin on the articles with which American firms compete with the "favored nations" in the Canadian market. The Dominion government finally agreed to this, and on these terms the settlement was reached.

Thus, while the reductions actually apply only to something like 3 per cent of American exports to Canada, the large part of the exports are in noncompetitive classes where America would have the market anyway.

Canada conceded thirteen numbers to the United States, the thirteenth being a "basket" or omnibus clause which includes a host of articles, among which cottonseed oil is one of the heaviest exports.

As to wood pulp and print paper, some criticism has been leveled at the president. It was officially stated at the White House that these items did not and could not enter into the negotiations. The rates and terms of duty on wood and wood pulp are fixed in the tariff law and cannot be made the subject of negotiations on the part of the president.

**Increase Trade With Australia.**

The President signed proclamations granting the minimum rate to Australia, New Zealand, British South Africa, Newfoundland and Venezuela. Of these, the most important commercially is Australia.

**To Control Corporation Publicity.**

Washington, April 2.—That the corporation tax law will be amended to restrict the operations of its publicity feature was virtually assured yesterday, when the house slightly amended a provision previously adopted by the senate for that purpose. As passed by the house today, the law provides "all corporation tax returns shall be open to inspection only upon the order of the president, under rules and regulations to be prescribed by the secretary of the treasury and approved by the president."

**Dreadnaughts for France.**

Paris, April 2.—The chamber of deputies yesterday voted to lay down two battleships in the present year designed to equal the latest type added to the navies of Great Britain and Germany.

## THINGS YOU MAY NOT KNOW

Twenty million false teeth are sent to England from this country every year.

The fur trade of the world makes use yearly of more than one million catskins.

In fifty-four cases out of every hundred the left leg is stronger than the right.

Major Alfred Dreyfus now spends his leisure hours in the study of the social problems.

In the Swedish province of Smaland there is a hill 450 feet high, which consists entirely of iron ore. The area is figured to be 2,800,000 square feet.

In Ceylon the largest pearls are sold for never more than $300, but when they reach the great markets of the world they are worth more than three times this price.

The freight tunnels of Chicago will be used for a great telephone company to enter the field in competition with the present companies. The new company will start with 20,000 instruments.

Dr. Lepage, the eminent Brussels surgeon, has sent in his bill for $20,000, his fee for the operation performed on King Leopold a few days before the king's death. The operation is said to have lasted only ten minutes.

Discoveries of great archaeological importance are being made near Santa Victoria (Cagliari) in Sardinia, whither many experts are now bound. The ruins of an entire town have been excavated and numbers of artistic objects have been recovered, all of which suggest that the remains are those of a town of the bronze age. King Victor has subscribed 300,000 lire toward the excavation funds.

An interesting discovery has been made in boring the tunnel of Rion, on the Puy-Langogne line. M. Efter, one of the firm of contractors carrying out the work, has discovered embedded in the clay at a distance of thirty metres the fossil of an animal believed to belong to the stag family, which is believed to have lived in the Pliocene period. The remains have been placed in the museum at Puy.

"Oh, yes," said the waiter, "people do sometimes order queer combinations. Any man," the waiter said, with some emphasis on the "any" as he handed over the check, "any man is liable to do that sometimes." And then this man who had been seeking information about odd things reflected that he had himself just taken for luncheon sausages, wheat cakes and a milk shake.—New York Sun.

Before the customer paid his bill the hotel stenographer tore several pages out of her note book and handed them to him. "Only the notes of his letters," she said to the next customer. "He is one of the cautious kind. There are not many like him. About once in six months somebody comes along who keeps such a watchful eye on his correspondence that he won't even let a stenographer keep his notes. Of course it is nothing to us, and we always give them up when asked to. I don't know what the cautious folk do with them. Destroy them, maybe. Anyhow, there is no record of foolish utterances left in the stenographer's books."—New York Sun.

M. Auguste Bodin, the famous French sculptor, who is said to have invented a new kind of "dance," which is performed by various extraordinary motions of the hands, did not show any signs of artistic ability in childhood. He was the son of poor parents, and first earned his living by modeling in plaster for an architect. He was 22 before his first statue, "The Man with the Broken Nose," was executed. He used a stable as a studio and was so poor that he had the greatest difficulty in providing material for his work. The first statue was so realistically done, however, that the judges at the Paris salon accused him of having cast it from a living model.—Tid-Bits.

A New York woman just back from Europe tells this story: "At Bad-Nauheim a physician told her that he had recently had an American from the "far west" under treatment, who grew better under his care and was finally told that nothing more could be done for him. The family was about to depart, when the young daughter became ill and the same physician was called in. After a week's treatment he told the parents that the child's ailment was nervousness and nostalgia. "Take her home and she will be all right." "If she has nostalgia," said the mother, "give me the name of some European expert and we will have her cured. I have no faith in our home physicians."

Norway is a country of vast mineral wealth. The richest iron mines are situated in the northern part of the country, as well as in the Trondhjemske. It has been calculated that the mines at Sydvarager contain 100,000,000 tons, and that the yearly production will be 600,000 tons. Operations on these mines will probably commence next summer. The work at the Dunderslandsdalen mines has been stopped for some time, but it will be resumed in the near future, when the Swedish method of treating the ore will be employed, with the hope that the works will produce 1,000,000 tons a year. It is estimated that the mines in the Tromso district contain about 30,000,000 tons of ore. Machinery has lately been erected in these mines. The yield will be about 200,000 tons per annum. Several other mines in the north indicate abundance of iron ore.

## ROOSEVELT'S POPULARITY.

**It Draws Out a Good Many Funny Propositions.**

A government official just returned from Nairobi, where he met Colonel Roosevelt, is A. B. Baker, assistant director of the National Zoological park, who assembled a fine collection of animals. In an interview Mr. Baker said: "The day I got to Nairobi I saw Colonel Roosevelt drive by in a carriage wearing a well-worn khaki suit and a wide-brimmed felt hat. He had come in from the wilds for a rest. Kermit Roosevelt told me his father wanted me to take tea with him. I found that the colonel carried less weight than when he left Washington and looked as hard as nails. His skin was about the color of saddle leather.

Colonel Roosevelt said he thought he had discovered, while president, every type of folly the American people were capable of, but he had discovered a new one since he had been in Africa. The proprietor of every small zoo in America had written, asking him to send a specimen. Anything would do, from a field mouse to a tiger. The richest letter he had, the Colonel added, came from a society of hunters in New York. The members wanted to give him a dinner upon his return, the secretary had written, and would he please pickle, preserve or otherwise keep in condition a piece of meat from every sort of animal he had killed, so they could have them all for dinner? 'It looks as if they want me to give them a dinner, instead of letting them give me one,' was Colonel Roosevelt's concluding remark. "While in Nairobi I saw three wagonloads of skins and skeletons collected by the Roosevelt party going to the warehouse. I heard that in one of the crocodiles they killed an arm and a leg of a native had been found."

## SMUGGLING UNDESIRABLES.

**Clever Schemers Circumventing the Immigration Laws.**

The Belgian authorities have been advised of systematic frauds which are being practiced against the American immigration laws at Antwerp, Rotterdam, Marseilles and other ports. It is alleged that certain Armenians and other undesirables who have been deported from Ellis Island have reshipped as sailors and firemen, by bribery of the ships' officers, arriving at American ports as seamen. They then desert the ships, and thus evade the immigration authorities. These frauds, it is stated, are being conducted by a band whose headquarters is at Constantinople, with ramifications to all of the great European ports. They speculate in labor, paying high prices to secure the entrance into the United States of aliens, whose wages they collect, pocketing the difference between the actual wages paid and their contract with the aliens. Washington authorities state that although they have been aware of the fact that aliens in the guise of sailors are coming into the United States fraudulently, the immigration officials are unable to prevent such practice. Petty officers of transatlantic vessels permit the enlistment of foreigners, and when they reach American shores they are given shore leave. Desertion follows and the aliens remain. The subject will soon be brought to the attention of Congress with a view to remedial legislation.

**Up-to-Date Farming Pays.**

A university president tells of a recent graduate of a university in New York State who engaged in fruit raising. Four years ago he devoted nine acres to Baldwin apple trees, which last year produced 900 barrels of apples. The expense of spraying, etc., was $634, the income was $2,400 and the net income was $1,766, or $196 an acre. His land was valued at $200 an acre, and so he got 100 per cent on his investment.

Another student tried his hand at hay. He tried the growing of timothy and found it was ten times better than other kinds, and is making big returns on its cultivation.

Another by a scientific crossing of strains in cattle was enabled to make poor cattle the equal of the best.

**A Permanent Position.**

"Mr. Smith," spoke up the young lawyer, "I come here as a representative of your neighbor, Tom Jones, with the commission to collect a debt due him."

"I congratulate you," answered Mr. Smith, "on obtaining so permanent a job at such an early stage in your career."—Success.

**Penetrating Voice.**

Patience—Don't you think she has an unusual voice?

Patrice—Yes.

"Did you hear her at the concert?"

"Yes."

"What did she sing?"

"Oh, she didn't sing; she was in one of the boxes."—Yonkers Statesman.

**The Fashionable Way.**

"I wonder how the De Swelles manage to keep up such style. He is such a failure at business."

"Yes; but she is such a success at bridge."—Baltimore American.

**Just as Good.**

"Have you any postage stamps?" asked the man entering the drug store.

"I have not," replied the druggist, "but I've got plasters that stick just as good."—Yonkers Statesman.

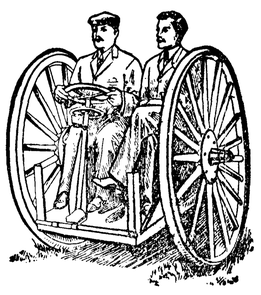
**Her Point of View.**

Mother—Alice, it is bedtime. All the little chickens have gone to bed.

Alice—Yes, mamma, and so has the hen.

Opportunity is apt to dodge the man who spends all his time waiting for it

## QUEER TWO-WHEELED AUTO.



"DICYCLE" MOTOR CAR.

A most extraordinary two-wheeled automobile, designed on the principle of a "dicycle" bicycle which drew attention in England twenty or more years ago, has been built in London and sent to this country for exhibition.

It consists of a couple of large solid-tired wheels, connected by an axle from which hangs a platform sufficing for the engine, which is at the rear, is of the single-cylinder type and develops four and a half horse power. The countershaft lies parallel with the axle of the vehicle, and on the ends are a pair of roller chains driving sprockets that engage with the wheel hubs. The steering is accomplished by an ordinary auto steering wheel, which actuates wires that move friction discs between the sprockets and the wheel hubs, the drive being released from one wheel or the other to effect a turn.

The chief feature of this remarkable type of machine is the cheapness with which it can be built and the lack of vibration that results from the use of large wheels. The seat for the driver and passengers rests just over the axle.—Popular Mechanics.

## BURNED PAPER MONEY.

**Source of Great Profit to the Government and Banks.**

At the redemption windows of the treasury and of the subtreasuries of the country any silver coin that has not been mutilated willfully and which still is recognizable as from the mints of the United States will be redeemed at face value, this in spite of the fact that the silver in the worn coin may not be worth half its face value. As to gold coin, the government stands only a small portion of the loss from abrasion; but, according to weight, these worn gold coins always are redeemable.

In the case of the paper currency two-fifths of a note must be presented if it shall be redeemed or a new note issued, and no matter what the evidence may be as to total destruction of this paper currency, the government regards it as the holder's individual loss with which it is no further concerned. Fire may melt $1,000 worth of silver coins and it is worth its metal value. It may melt $1,000 in gold coins and the mint will pay $1,000 in new twenty-dollar gold pieces for the mass. But the ashes of $1,000 in paper currency is without value.

In the thousands of fires over the country every year involving office buildings, factories, business houses and family residences an untold total of legal tender notes of all kinds are destroyed. Every piece of such paper lost is loss to the holder and gain to the government or to a national bank. It is a promissory note hopelessly lost to the holder. It is even more, for in many cases an individual man might redeem his debt obligation if he were assured by the holder of it that the piece of paper to which he had signed his name had been destroyed by accident and by no chance could turn up again against him.—Chicago Tribune.

**New Way to Swear Off Taxes.**

The best way of not paying taxes on your personal property is to swear them off. By "swearing off" is meant going to the tax assessor and making a deposition that you really don't live where you seem to live, that you really don't own what you seem to own, and that, while you appaer to be very rich man, you are really overburdened by debts which you have hitherto successfully concealed. Since personal taxes began, so many ways of swearing off have been invented that the tax authorities had come to believe that there was no new tax dodge under the sun.

But the tax authorities were mistaken. A few days ago a man came to the New York tax commissioners and asked to be relieved of his personal taxes. "I have only $5,000," he said, "and that money is in city bonds and is being held in trust."

"For whom?" asked the tax commissioner.

The question was unexpected and at first there was no answer, but the tax commissioner insisted. Finally, in a stage whisper, the swearer-off explained:

"The money is held in trust during his lifetime—for my dog."—Success Magazine.

**Not That Kind.**

"That old millionaire philanthropist is reported to be living in the odor of sanctity."

"No such thing. I see him riding in a gasoline car."—Baltimore American.

We wish we were a young girl who has just returned from school. We saw one yesterday, and four girls had their arms around her.

When a boy expresses a willingness to climb a tree to pick cherries they are not for his mother to put up.

Whether drunk or sober, some men are natural born nuisances.

# JAMES R. GALLAGHER'S TRANSFER

—: PHONE 24 :—

## LIVERY, FEED, SALE STABLES

**Lincoln Street Wharf, Port Angeles**

Commercial Baggage a Specialty. Cab Service at All Hours.
Piano Moving. Heavy Hauling.

**Horses for Sale on Hand Now.**



## Coffee, Teas and Spices

All specially imported and blended for our trade

**Bric-a-Brac and Novelties**

Phone 25 **Hong, Young Co.** Ling Toy, Mgr.



— THE

## OLYMPIC = LEADER

Entered as Second-class Matter in the Post Office at Port Angeles, Washington.

Subscription Price $1 per year.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN CLALLAM COUNTY.

OFFICIAL PAPER

Published Every Friday at Port Angeles by The Webster Publishing Co.

FRIDAY, APRIL 1, 1910


Reports of bank deposits in Oregon and Washington on January 31, when state and national bank examiners made their regular examinations, show a total in Washington of 28 per cent in savings deposits. This branch of the banking business is one which most closly reflects the general prosperity of the mass of the population. There are now more than forty-seven millions in savings deposits in the two states, divided into thousands of comparatively small accounts. They speak of general and wide prosperity.

The Olympic-Leader has been asked to give its columns, for a consideration, to both sides of the local option question. The Olympic-Leader has watched pretty closely the "wet" side of the local option campaigns as conducted in other parts of the state, and it has not noticed a single argument of the "drys" that has been thoroughly refuted. It does not care to put to intelligent readers threadbare fallacies to make-believe arguments.

The Olympic-Leader has been fair, and proposes to be fair to the people at large by telling the truth about the saloons. When one single argument in favor of the saloons is put forth that is worthy of credence and consideration, it will present it. But this is a safe promise. There are no such ar uments. Cutting off of the saloon license money does not injure the financial condition of the people at large of any community. It has not been the case elsewhere, and it will not be the case in this county. Neither does it increase taxation.

Said a saloon man, commenting on the plea of a signer that he was busy and did not know what he was doing: 'When a man takes a stand, I like to see him stay by it and not go about making excuses to the other side.' He is right. A man who professes to be in sympathy with one side and then the other according to whom he happens to be talking, is nothing, and will bear watching from both sides. This applies with equal force to the man who signs the local option petition, the business man, or the slick office-seeker who is anything to anybody. Men admire men with the courage of their convictions when necessary to express them.

How the saloon man does love the product of his trade was again exemplified yesterday when with a rush and a bang and a sickening splash a poor, besotted rancher was pushed and carried through a saloon door by the bartender and a helper and pitched headlong into the plenteous mud in the street. The two then majestically withdrew to cover muttering curses against the unfortunate and explaining that they had tried to reason with him but could not. Reason with a man with all reason stolen by the stuff they help put into him! Ye gods. There is as much reason in a drunken man, though, as there is to the man who says it will kill the town to conserve its resources.

**Things are warming up in the local option fight, and everyone, in the city at least, who puts his name to the petition may as well make up his mind that if the saloon interests can do him any harm, they are going to do it. Already the baneful influence is being felt, and the saloon is not only advocating boycott of those who have anything to do with the local option movement, but worse, it is even reported, they are planning to coerce everyone they can get their hands on.**

**We can see how some men might be prevented from signing a petition for fear of losing trade, a job of work, etc., but will not every man with a spark of manhood in his makeup resent coercive measures when he goes to the polls to vote? It looks that way to us. The average American citizen, either foreign or native born, resents any interference with rights guaranteed to him by the laws of the country, and when alone in his election booth will assert his manhood an mark his ballot as he sees fit.**

**The ladies of St. Andrew's Guild will give a high class vaudeville Friday evening, April 15th, at the opera house. The ladies will give a drama entitled "Sunbonnets," while seventeen children will give a Mother Goose drill. Various other specialties will be given, such as vocal solos and choruses. Home made candy will be sold.**

Come in and see our line of nickel plated kitchen ware. H. Baker & Son.


## Meyers' Spray Pumps

## Tree Pruners

## Lime for Spraying

## Plows Harrows

## Planet Jr. Seeders and Cultivators

## Flower, Garden and Field Seeds

## R. D. WILLSON
HARDWARE CO.


## DAYTON DRY.

Dayton voted dry for the second time on March 29th, by a majority of 17, after a very spirited campaign. It is believed the result will secure the enforcement of the anti-liquor laws in Dayton to the letter.

In this connection we again refer (we have referred to this report before) to the annual report of Prosecuting Attorney R. M. Sturdevant, of Columbia county, issued January 26, which shows that one habitual drunkeness case was filed in 1909 for every six the previous year, when Dayton was "wet." The decrease of cases both in superior and justice court is due, according to the prosecutor and other officers, to the fact that Dayton is now "dry." Eleven cases were filed in the superior court, the smallest for a decade or more.

The report shows only nine divorce cases, as against more than three times as many the preceding year. As most of the complaints of 1908 were for drunkeness, says the report, a "dry town is believed to be conducive of better marital relations.

On Feb. 11, Mayor Muirhead of Dayton wrote to Lewiston, Idaho, in response to inquiries as to the result of the local option law there, as follows:

"Observations and inquiries have convinced me that drunkeness is diminished by at least 75 per cent. The city, both financially and commercially, was never in better condition. Business men, almost without exception, declare in favor of a "dry" town. The city tax levy was reduced 1 mill this year, although the saloon revenue was curtailed. Dayton is facing another "wet" and "dry" election now in order to secure local option, but there is little doubt but that the 'drys' will win."

A dispatch to the Seattle P.-I., dated Dayton, Jan. 11, 1910, giving a review of the commercial activities of the city for the year under "dry" conditions, and at a time when there was no local option election on, and therefore no occasion for exaggeration, says:

With real estate transfers aggregating $1,700,000, three business blocks, fifty dwellings costing from $2,500 to $8,000, forty new business firms, thirty orchards with an acerage of 500, representing an investment of $250,000 in Touchet Valley orchard land; the first modern department store, installation of gasoline motor car service, a new wagon factory, brick yard, bank with a capital of $50,000, four real estate offices, several miles of new sewer, new reservoir on Syndicate Hill, and an increased population from 2,800 to 3,700, the year 1909 has witnessed the most active period in and about Dayton.

Saloons in Dayton were first voted out in December, 1908, before the new local option law became effective.

Would it not be a good thing for Angeles if the going out of the saloons should kill the town much the same as Dayton was killed during the past year under a dry regime?

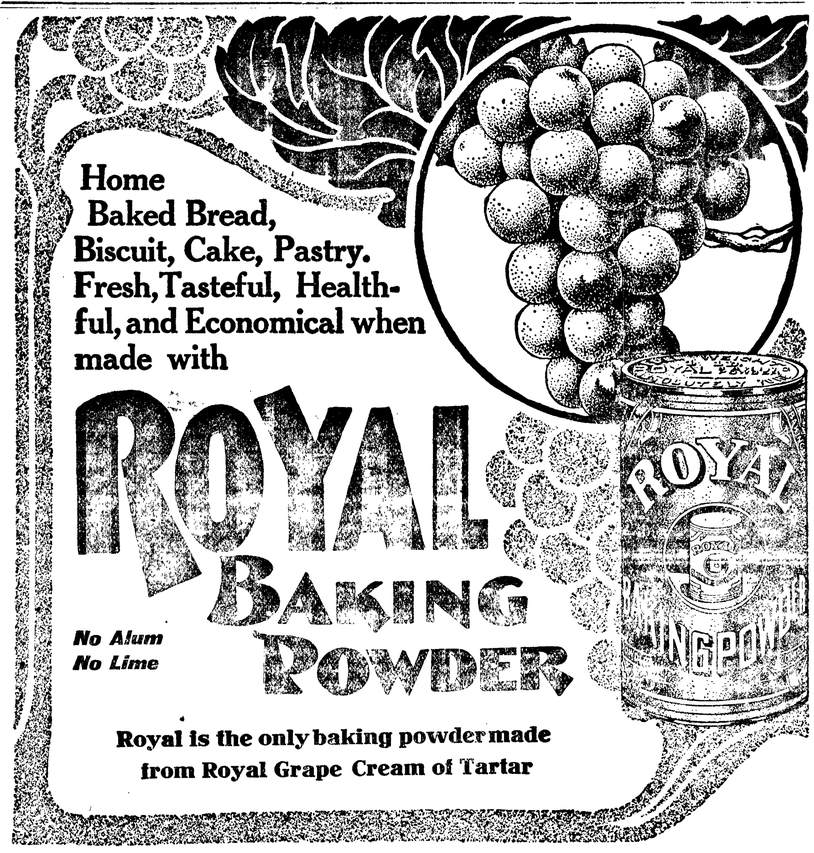
A dispatch to the P.-I says that Raymond is developing a sentiment for a clean town. That two ordinances have passed first reading in town council looking to that end. One of which proposes to raise the license from $500 to $1000. The other provides for the closing of saloons during certain hours. Had some such action been taken by the then saloon dominated city council of Port Angeles six months ago, as suggested at the time by this paper, the chances are that the saloon men would not now be facing a local option election, which they seem to so much dread, judging from the boycotting and coercive measures they are adopting. Adopting them for no other reason than that they are afraid to let the people have an opportunity to express their preferences at the polls, a right vouchsafed every elector by the constitution of the State and the Nation.

Our manager of the "horsehide" game was seen yesterday at the city clerk's office with vengeance written on his brow, and that fell instrument of destruction, the pencil, in one hand, copying the names from the local option petition of those whom he will seek to turn wet (soak), and a ball bat in the other.

Local optionists believe the saloon is the common enemy of the home and that its elimination means more and better homes, and better and more beautiful cities, towns and villages. A happier and more comfortable people.

**James J. Hill, the guiding genius of the Great Northern railroad, has not yet given up active management of the affairs of that road, and he will start west some time this month to inspect the Great Northern line through the Cascades, and decide on the improvements which will make a repetition of the blockade of this season and the Wellington dissster impossible. Millions of dollars will be spent this summer to snowshed the line between Wellington and Horseshoe tunnel, a distance of ten miles, known as the high line and exposed to snow slides. The veteran railroad builder will personally lay plans for the improvements.**

Now is the time to get your Bicycles cleaned and repaired, at H. Baker & Son's.



## A DESERVING COMPLIMENT.

Imperial, Cal., the home of Rev. and Mrs. E. M. Rogers, recently dedicated her high school. The Daily Free Lance of El Centro, in giving an account of the dedicatory exercises said, in part: "Inspiring to enter, and restful in which to abide, it is a triumph of architectural beauty, a monument to enterprise, an accomplishment of which Imperial Valley is justly proud." A little further along, in speaking of the music, the writer pays this high compliment to Mrs. Rogers:

"Right here I want to make clear, if I can, that the sweet spirit of song and the precious sentiment of the uplift are embodied in an exquisite lady called Mrs E M. Rogers, whom Imperial is fortunate enough to possess. Both in her own use of the piano and in the training she had given to the quintette who sang, 'Nynken, Blynken and Nod,' she proved that food for the soul is as essential as food for the body or the mind, and can be as easily provided if one knows how. Imperial Valley is the better for your presence, Mrs. Rogers. Be it your inadequate reward to know that some of us know that."

**AMERICAN WONDER**

A very productive, white potato. Also a pink potato, productive, white inside. Price, 2c lb. Phone 123.
M. T. Fuller, Port Angeles.

For Sale, cheap—A good, sound workhorse, about 1,200 pounds. At H Gutenburg Hdw. & Fur. Co.

### Notice of Settlement of Final Account.

No. 99.

In the Superior Court of Clallam County, State of Washington.

In the matter of the Estate of William C. Garfield, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, That Anna L. Allen (formerly Anna L. Garfield,) Executrix of the Last Will and Testament of William C. Garfield, deceased, has rendered and presented for settlement to, and filed in the Superior Court of Clallam County, State of Washington, her Final Account and Petition for Distribution; and that Saturday, the Seventh day of May, 1910, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Court Room of our said Superior Court, in the City of Port Angeles, in said Clallam County, has been duly appointed by our said Superior Court, for the settlement of the Final Account and distribution, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and file his exceptions in writing to the said final account, and contest the same.

Witness the Hon. Geo. Venable Smith Commissioner of the said (SEAL) Superior Court, and the Seal of said Court affixed this 7th day of April, A. D., 1910.

HORACE WHITE,
County Clerk and Clerk of the Superior Court.


## PORT ANGELES AND CLALLAM COUNTY PROPERTY

Bought, Sold, Exchanged
Let Us Know Your Wants, Etc

**THE CLALLAM INVESTMENT CO.**
**310 Crary Bldg., Seattle, Wash**

When you have earned your money don't let it slip away rom you; ten here, twenty there, a hundred somewhere else, soon a thousand dollars.

We offer you our bank as a safe place in which to deposit your money.

We are always glad to take care of those who wish to open a bank account.

Make OUR bank
YOUR bank

## Bank of Clallam County

Port Angeles, Washington
Established April, 1895.


### Notice for Publication

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Seattle, Wash., Mar. 12, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that John Busch, of Exa, Washington, who, on May 2nd, 1906, made Homestead Entry, No. 19,378, for se¼ se¼, Sec. 9 and n½ ne ¼, Section 16, Township 29 N, Range 4 West, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Five-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before James Stewart, U. S. Commissioner, at Port Angeles, Wash., on the 7th day of May, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses:
George Kehr, of Sequim, Wash.
Robert Vandecar, of " "
Wesly Craig, of " "
Louis Egloff, of " "

J. HENRY SMITH, Register.

RESTORATION TO ENTRY OF LANDS IN NATIONAL FOREST. Notice is hereby given that the lands described below, embracing 120 acres, within the Olympia national forest, Washington, will be subject to settlement and entry under the provisions of the homestead laws of the United States and the act of June 11, 1906. [34 Stat., 233.], at the United States land office at Seattle, Washington, on May 24, 1910. Any settler who was actually and in good faith claiming any of said lands for agricultural purposes prior to January 1, 1906, and has not abandoned same, has a preference right to make a homestead entry for the lands actually occupied. Said lands were listed upon the applications of the persons mentioned below, who have a preference right subject to the prior right of any such settler, provided such settler or applicant is qualified to make homestead entry and the preference right is exercised prior to May 24, 1910, on which date the lands will be subject to settlement and entry by any qualified person. The lands are as follows: The sw¼ of ne¼; the se¼ of se¼ of nw¼; the ne¼ of sw¼ of Sec. 20, T. 29 N., R. 3 W., W. M.; 90 acres listed upon the application of Frank W. Cheney of Port Williams, Washington; List 6-187. The e½ of nw¼ of sw¼; the sw¼ of nw¼ of sw¼ of Sec. 20, T. 29 N., R. 3 W., 20 acres, application of Wilbert M. Potter of Port Williams, Washington; List 6-214. S. V. Prendfit, Assistant Commissioner of the General Land Office. Approved March 3, 1910. FRANK PIERCE, First Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

Mrs. Powers of Seattle will lecture on Spiritualism at Haning hall next Sunday afternoon at 2:30 and in the evening at 8 o'clock.

### Notice of Private Sale.

No. 473.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County.

In the matter of the Estate and Guardianship of Catherine Fay Ward, Minor

Under authority of an order granted by the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County, dated March 28, 1910, I, the undersigned guardian of the person and estate of Catherine Fay Ward, a minor, will sell at private sale the following described property:

An undivided one-fifth of an undivided one-seventh interest in and to the interest of Annie Rollins in the northwest quarter of section seven (7) in Township Thirty north, of range three west of Willamette meridian, Clallam County, Washington.

The sale will be made on or after Monday, April 11, 1910, and bids will be received at my residence in Sequim, Clallam County, Washington.

The terms of the sale are CASH and confirmation by said Superior Court.

April 1st, 1910.

Elizabeth Ann Hamilton,
Guardian of the person and estate of Catherine Fay Ward, a minor.

### Notice of Settlement of Final Account.

No. 388.

In the Superior Court of Clallam County, State of Washington.

In the matter of the Estate of George Henry Lotzgesell, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, That George Lotzgesell and Frank Lotzgesell, two of the Executers of the Last Will and Testament of George Henry Lotzgesell, deceased, have rendered and presented for settlement to, and filed in the Superior Court of Clallam County, State of Washington, their Final Account and Petition for Distribution; and that Saturday the seventh day of May, 1910, at 1:30 o'clock P. M., at the Court Room of our said Superior Court, in the City of Port Angeles, in said Clallam County, has been duly appointed by our said Superior Court, for the settlement of the Final Account and distribution, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and file his exceptions in writing to the said final account, and contest the same.

Witness, the Hon. Geo. Veneable SEAL. Smith, Commissioner of the said Superior Court, and the Seal of said Court affixed this 7th day of April, A.D., 1910.

HORACE WHITE,
County Clerk and Clerk of the Superior Court.

### Notice of Final Settlement o Account.

No. 188.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County,

In the matter of the Estate of Enos P. Raymond, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that Alice M. Raymond, administratrix of the estate of Enos P. Raymond, deceased, has rendered anu presented for settlement to, and filed in the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County, her final account and report of said estate, and that Saturday, the 7th day of May, 1910, at 10 a. m., at the court room of our said Superior Court in the City of Port Angeles, in said Clallam County, has been duly appointed by our said Superior Court, for the settlement of the final account and distribution of said estate, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and file exceptions in writing to the said distribution and to the said final account, and contest the same.

Witness, The Hon. Lester Still, judge of said Superior Court, and the seal of said court affixed this 8th day of April, 1910.

(SEAL.)

HORACE WHITE,
County Clerk and Clerk of the Superior Court.

# YOU

**will be needing during February, March and Ap 1**

## Material for Spray for Trees and Shrubbery

We Carry

**Blue Stone**
**Sulphur**
**Lime & Sulphur Solution**
(Ready for Spraying)
**Whale Oil Soap**
**Quassia Chips**
**Tree Soap**

In fact everything for your spray
Our Prices are Right

**Mathewson's Drug Store**



# We Have It

**Boston's Best Product, the Celebrated**

## WHITE HOUSE COFFEE

**One and Two Pound Cans, 40c per lb**

| | |
|---|---|
| 4 lbs No. 1 Jap Rice | 25c |
| 3 lbs Choice Italian Prunes | 25c |
| 2½ lbs Choice Muir Peaches | 25c |
| 3 Fancy Norway Mackeral | 25c |

**Lipton's best Tea, 65c per lb**

**Fancy California Creamery Butter 75c per roll**

## THE GATE CITY GROCERY

PHONE 243



Recognized Leading Angeles Hotel for Commercial Men and Public Generally.

## MERCHANTS HOTEL

E. E. DAY, PROPRIETOR

**Special Attention Given to Catering for Dinners Luncheons, and Party Suppers.**

Only Wholesale Liquor House in County in Connection. Phone 4.
Goods Delivered Free in City. Mail Orders from County Patrons Given Prompt Attention.



**P.J.WILLIAMS** The Old Reliable Jeweler

Watch Repairing a Specialty


## CITY NEWS

New line of Iron beds and matresses at H. Baker & Son's.

Special Sunday Chicken dinner, 4 to 7, 35c at Hotel Angeles.

Genuine Iceland Herring, large and fat, 3 for 25c, at Fish Market.

Poultry Netting and Garden Tools at H. Gutenberg and Furniture Co.

For iron beds of all kinds call on Christopherson & Leland.

Wm. McIvor is spending the week in the city with friends.

E. L. Lockhart was a returning passenger from Seattle Wednesday.

Green House for sale inquire at 10th and Lincoln streets. 3t.

G. M. Rouse and John Larkin were passengers to Seattle Wednesday.

Judge and Mrs. J. G. McClinton returned Wednesday from a vsit with relatives in Seattle.

C. R. Jones left for his home in Seattle Monday after an extended business stay here.

Mrs. E. R. Gehrke and Mrs. N. M. Hawkins returned Wednesday from a week's visit in Seattle.

E. A. Jacobs returned Wednesday from Seattle looking well and hearty, for which his friends are grateful.

The C. E. Society of the Congregational Church meets Sunday evenings at 7 o'clock hereafter. A cordial invitation is extended to all young people to attend.

Jos. Keel, engineer of the Aldwell Power Co., returned Wednesday to Seattle, after visiting the canyon. He reports big possibilities out there with a population to support it.

For Sale—Home place, 13th and Laurel Sts. Also, on 12th, between Oak and Laurel. 36 bearing trees. 14-4 W. T. Polhamus.

All have read of the great Layman's missionary movement and its big session in Seattle this and last week. Mr. L. M. Campbell, who represented the Congregational Church at the session, will make a report to the congregation Sunday night.

When in want of anything in the fresh or salt meat line, just drop into James Fitzgerald's shop, the Bell building, on Front street. Our motto is, the best of meats and courteous attention to the wants of our customers.

R. W. Raymond of Seattle was here Sunday to see his friend E. B. Webster. Mr Raymond and Dr. Cora Smith Eaton spent several days last summer camping and tramping on Mt. Angeles with Mr. Webster and daughter Mae

Mr. Raymond has just been chosen manager of the industrial bureau recently created by the Chamber of Commerce, to promote existing manufacturers and to interest locating new industries in Seattle. He was selected from among twenty-five applicants.

Special Sunday Chicken Dinner 35c at Hotel Angeles, served from 4 to 7.

### SEASONABLE GOODS

Now is the time to look after your fence. All kinds of wire fencing, plows, discs, spring tooth harrows, and garden tools, Jr. Planters, wagons, buggies, harness, building cement, lime, plaster, lath, doors and windows. Big stock on hand. Will be sold at lowest reasonable prices.
H. Gutenberg Hdw.& Fur. Co.


## Every Move a Picture

## STAR THEATRE

TWICE NIGHTLY

**7:30 8:30**

**A Place to Go**


Norwegian Sardines, 10c, at Fish Market.

Baker will trade you a new stove for the old one.

All kinds of Garden Tools. H. Baker & Son.

Imported Fish Balls, 20c per can, at Fish Market.

Capt. A. W. Horne of Dungeness was a visitor here Monday.

We will buy your Chickens.
City Fish Market.

Poultry Netting and Garden Tools at H. Gutenberg Hdw. and Furniture Co.

John Cain was down from Seattle the first of the week on a home visit.

James Dick and J. P. Mapes were here Monday from Dungeness on business.

Mrs. Ball is enjoying a visit from her sister, Mrs. Sarah Fox, and daughter, Miss Lucile Fox, who arrived on Tuesday's boat from California.

F. C. Reynolds launched this week one of the prettiest launches on the bay, which he has named the "Maybe." It is a launch of considerable size and has a large and commodious cabin.

Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Willson were Seattle visitors from Saturday until Wednesday. Mr. Willson going up to the city to make purchases of material for the new business block to be erected by the R. D. Willson Hardware Co.

Mr. MacCuller, who has had charge of the services at St. Andrew's Episcopal church for some weeks, and his pupil, John Cain, Jr., have gone to Lake Crescent for the summer, having rented the Brophy cottage Mr. MacCuller will do some independent cruising, and the twain will try and enjoy life at Clallam county's noted health resort.

Martha Claire Gifford and Mr. Karl J. Ellington were united in marriage Saturday night at the Congregational parsonage, in the presence of a few intimate friends. They will make their home near the city where Mr. Ellington has property interests. Mr. Ellington is an old timer in this vicinity, a man of rare ability, and Mrs. Ellington is a lady of many accomplishments, a recent arrival from Peoria, Ill. They have our best wishes.

John Thompson was arrested last Friday upon complaint of the P. S. M. & T. Co. and was arraigned Saturday before Justice Fields, on a charge of maliciously blocking the right of way of the company. A jury was demanded and a hearing was set for 1:30. Meanwhile, however, the complainants and accused got together, and without consulting his attorney, Thompson settled the csae with the company and departed.

The Book Club gave its annual Tuesday night at the home of Mrs. T. T. Aldwell. It was a success, as are all the events of the club. Five-Hundred was the feature of the evening's pastime, at which the following excelled and were given beautiful favors: Mrs. H. M. Fisher, guest, Mr. W. F Delabarre. Mrs. W. Mathewson and Mrs. A. J. Cosser drew for the consolation lady's prize, the former winning; Mr. C. I. Haswell received the gent's consolation. Most delicious refreshments of salads, oysters, etc., coffee, ice cream and cake were served. The event closed with music by Mrs. C. J. Farmer and a solo by Miss Allen.

### A HAPPY EVENT

Mrs. E. J. Ovington entertained March 31st at the Charlemont on 18th avenue, Seattle, a number of Port Angeles ladies in honor of Mrs. S. A. Hoyt, just returned from an extended sojourn in California. The decorations were sweet peas. Mrs. Ovington was assisted in entertaining by Mrs. Trumbull and Mrs. Cameron. Prizes were won by Mrs. C. A. Cushing, Mrs. M. G. Wallace and Miss B. Brophy. A delightful time was had by all the ladies at the reunion. Those present were: Mesdames S. A Hoyt, John Trumbull, J. A. Cameron, T. S. Brophy, L. M. Church, D. W. Craig, C. A. Cushing, C. E. Cushing, F. A. Cook, M. J. Carrigan, W. White, S. L. Johnson, W. Ware, L. V. Brewer, W. J. Parker, M. J. Wallace, and Miss B. Brophy.

### HOUSE CLEANING TIME.

You will be in need of floor coverings. We have received a large shipment of Linoleums, Carpets, Art Squares, Rugs, and nice assortment of Mattings. Lace Curtains and curtain stretchers, carpet sweepers. All colors of paints and oils. A good assortment of Jap-a-lacs to brighten up your furniture. All goods will be sold at the lowest possible prices at H. Gutenberg Hardware and Furniture Co.


...THE...

## PORT ANGELES GROCERY CO.

FLOUR, FEED and GROCERIES

**25c Apricots 2 for 35c**

**Pears 3 for 35c Cherries 3 for 35c**

**Seed Oats**

**Grass Seeds of all kinds**

**Garden Seeds a Specialty**

**F. A. STILES, Proprietor.**

*NEW Spring and Summer styles on sale - Now! If anything a little bit smarter and more exclusive than usual. The kind you see on Paris boulevards - Fifth Avenue too. Every last and leather that a woman could possibly want at any time.*

**J. P. Jensen**
**SHOE STORE**


**Shocked**

Ella—Bella married an octogenarian.
Stella—I don't think the girl ought to change her religion for a man.—Exchange.

We are not in this world to do what we wish, but to be willing to do that which it is our duty to do.—Gounod.


## Eggs for Hatching

U. R. Fishel strain White Plymouth Rocks, "The Best in the World." Birds from eggs costing 5 to $9 per setting. Also pen of fine young birds for sale. M. T. Fuller, phone 123, box 255, Pt. Angeles, Wash.



## C. E. COLE

BARBER

Children Hair Cutting a Specialty

**SANITARY BATHS**
Best in the City. Hot Water Always Ready

Next Door to Merrill's Grocery



## Palace OF Sweets

FRUITS - CONFECTIONERY
AND
ICE CREAM PARLOR

We also carry the best assortment of Chocolates & Fruits in the City

**Goldwater Bros.**



## The TIMES CLOTHING MART

**Look** **Into**

# THE WINDOWS

At The

## Times Clothing Mart

R. A. MUSKETT

## AMENDS TO NATURE.

I have loved colors, and not flowers;
Their motion, not the swallow's wings;
And wasted more than half my hours
Without the comradeship of things.

How is it now that I can see,
With love and wonder and delight,
The children of the hedge and tree,
The little lords of day and night?

How is it that I see the roads
No longer with usurping eyes,
A twilight meeting place for toads,
A midday mart of butterflies?

I feel in every midge that hums,
Life, fugitive and infinite,
And suddenly the world becomes
A part of me and I of it.
—Arthur Symons.

# Two Strange Companions

Looking back upon it now, it seems that I must have hated Harvey Darrington, the essence of him, the thing in the abstract which he embodied in the concrete and tangible, longer than the span of my own life. For the instant when the image of him first impressed its indelible outlines upon my retina, I saw danger, it cautioned me with a shrewdness as new to my nature as the hate itself. The hate within me must have been a thing of cunning.

As I took his extended hand, the puny fragility of the thing was smothered in my clasp. I closed my grip upon it, and the man winced as the bones crunched together under the pressure. I heard his teeth click as he restrained a cry of pain, and from his little cold gray eyes he darted at me a look which unveiled his soul to my sight for an instant and showed to me the venom of the snake for the heel that presses upon its head. So swift had been our exchange of hostile glances that no one had noticed. The next instant he was smiling and I was smiling, but we, the two of us, knew and understood that our natures were in opposition, and that the innate aversion within us marked us for the principals in a struggle not to be ended until the one of us had seen the other down.

A Chicago firm intended the purchase of some thousands of acres of land for the exclusive raising of sheep, and I was informed that Harvey Darrington was looking over the large Dawson ranch for this express purpose. The old man, Jim Dawson, commissioned me with the task of showing off the ranch to Darrington, being well acquainted with the whole country, and also because of some previous experience with sheep in Texas.

We were peculiar and strange comrades, the embodiment of two spirits which were at war. My position was galling; to live with this man whom I had met only to hate, to ride with him the long hours of the day, with the knowledge of him ever at my side, urging and prompting me, with a twitching of the fingers, to throw myself upon him and to grasp his throat. Ah, that smile of his, with the devil behind it, that careful, pleasant, interested smile, how I hated it! I still must wear one as false and deceitful. It was our game, the game of two demons with murder in their hearts, who smiled, smiled always, and jested, discussed, related, even argued, with the enthusiasm and spirit of relatives. It was the way we chose to play our game. What did it matter that there was no other to see? Encircling this game of ours was a refinement which came to be silently understood as a kind of armed truce between us which disapproved of the actual brutality of physical conflict and made it a battle of wills rather than of brawn and bodily strength. For my part, I could have killed him a number of times, but what I desired was to see his smile fade, his will break, his spirit droop. Then only would my hate be satisfied.

As the days added themselves together, each one placing us at a greater number of miles from the ranch house and bringing us closer to the thin fringe of cacti where the swell of the grass plain drops away into the first sand areas of the desert, a scheme evolved itself within my mind whereby my purpose might be accomplished in a manner which seemed to me at once satisfying and skillful. We made camp within a mile of its fringe upon the last night before I knew we should reach the edge of the desert. The next morning in arranging my saddle blanket, I inserted between the light blanket and the heavy saddle a number of burs, common to the part of the plains and strangely irritating to horseflesh. The bur stickers or barbs are forced through the blanket into the flesh beneath by the pressure of the saddle. Darrington was already in the saddle waiting for me when I mounted. This I had planned. As my weight settled into the saddle the horse suddenly threw up his head and leaped straight into the air, coming down with stiff legs planted in a bunch. He lowered his head and threw his heels into the air until his body was almost perpendicular, pitching dreadfully. He squirmed, bucked, reared, danced, threw himself into the air again with a sharp turn to the right which nearly did for me and made me claw leather. Then, without a moment's warning, he was away. I turned my head to motion Darrington to follow. He was watching me, smiling interestedly. I had no need to prompt him. He was coming. If my horse would only run three or four miles it would be easy to become perplexed, but I had no fear of that issue, my only hope being that the race would last.

Exhaustion was getting the better of pain and fear, and gradually I felt the pace break. I reined in sharply, and the horse answered obediently, coming to a full stop in a dozen paces. I saw Darrington's dust-cloud bearing down upon us a quarter mile away as I dismounted. I quickly loosened the girth and removed the saddle. Then I slipped the blanket from the poor beast's tortured back and began to pick out the burs. Darrington arrived as I was removing the last one, his horse equally blown.

"See, this is what caused all the rumpus. Very careless of me not to clean the blanket before saddling," I cried, holding up the bur for his inspection.

"Yes, very careless," he replied with his devilish smile. "Strange," he added very thoughtfully, "there were none in my blanket. You must have found a patch of them."

I did not answer him and arranged the blanket, preparing to resaddle. When I had completed the task and turned to him again, he was looking about him over the unbroken stretch of sand. The prairie was gone. About us, billow on billow, stretched an endless sea of sand with the even swell of a peaceful ocean. With his hand raised to shade his eyes, he was peering back in the direction from which he seemed to have come.

"H—— of a fine place, this," he said. "I can not exactly distinguish the course we followed, we made so many turns, and it all looks alike. Strikes me we came in from about there. But we can get back all right."

"Oh, sure, we didn't come very far. We can get out easy enough. Right back there is where we started," pointing my hand in the direction he had referred to. I smiled. I could not check it. And I anticipated, when he should turn again, to see his cheek pale a trifle, to find his eyes filled with anxiety. But I was disappointed, he

I GUESS WE'LL STICK IT OUT TOGETHER.

turned to me, smiling pleasantly, as if about to challenge me to a game of cards.

"Well, let's be off on our way," he called cheerily, turning his horse to the right and taking the course we had agreed upon, and I followed willingly. He was leading me into the heart of the desert.

After riding for two hours, Darrington pulled up. He had reached the top of one of the sand hills. As I came up, he was gazing toward the horizon, again shading his eyes. He stood up in the stirrups and looked in every direction. I did not take the trouble to follow his example. When he had finished the circuit he turned to me. He looked at me coolly for a few moments and I perceived that he understood the predicament we were in. But there was no indication of fear in his blue eyes, only a grim resolution and determination to play out the game and win. A sort of admiration sprang up within me for him, which was tempered with a desire to wear him out, break him, make him whine, sob, and beg, to have the satisfaction of seeing fear of death in his eyes, and hear the cry on his lips for mercy. I recognized it was to be a battle and also the likelihood of my own ruin, in fact, the impending probability of such an end, for I was as much unacquainted with the waste as he. I began to grow very thirsty, with the strange burning desert thirst that craves water in large quantities. Examining my canteen. I found it about three-quarters full.

Every hour or two Darrington halted to survey and change the course. I remained behind, allowing him to pilot our voyage upon this shifting, sandy ocean. He did not favor me with another look, but simply set the direction of our progress without any seeming care as to whether I followed; and he understood why I would follow.

He would have perished rather than ask me to take the lead and bring him back to the land of life. I believe that he had an idea that I could find out the way and anticipated that I might try to desert him, and leave him to his destiny. Nightfall came, and we almost fell off our horses, and the animals themselves sank down upon the sand without moving from their tracks. I dozed off immediately, but awoke presently. I stirred and went over to my horse with the intention of taking the saddle from the poor beast's back, so that it might rest more easily. As I reached the animal, I observed Darrington raise his head and watch me. I began loosening the girth. He was on his feet immediately, but lay down when he saw what I was about. I do not believe he slept at all, but know that he kept an eye on me, for later in the night he came and waked me with the suggestion that we be progressing, as we could make better time in the cool of the night.

On the morning of the fourth day we found that Darrington's horse had perished in the night. He stood close by, looking at it steadily for a few minutes, and then turned to me. From his expression I was certain that he expected that I would now ride away and leave him to his fate, for he was smiling up at me as though to wish me an enjoyable journey to the city and that I might find all the folks well. This was the way Darrington met the prospect of walking out of a hell that he could not evade on horseback. I climbed into the saddle and drove the spurs into the horse's flanks. A weakness came over me; a terrible one which I must flee from. This man was too great for the hate that was within me. He seemed to be getting the better of me and all through my admiration.

After riding for the period of an hour or more I pulled my horse up and returned. There was no satisfaction in allowing this man to stay behind. I began to have my doubts, indeed, had been for the last hour. I had been thinking and my whole view was changed. It seemed a pity to let a man like Darrington die, he who could smile in the face of death which was confronting him with certainty. If he had shown the white feather, and had cursed, but he was game to the end, and his smile I could not forget; it haunted me.

I was extremely anxious now to save the man I had set out to destroy. I retraced my steps in as great haste and speed as I could compel my horse to assume. I was in as great a hurry to locate him as I had been to leave him. I even had fears, sickening fears that I might not be able to find him. It was a chance in a hundred, nay, in a thousand, that I should, but I succeeded and in a couple of hours more I discerned a tiny figure of black moving upon the white. When I caught up with him he was toiling doggedly along, feet shuffling and head down. Yet when I overtook him he smiled his welcome.

"It was impossible to do it, Darrington," I said. "You win. I guess we'll stick it out together."

He was actually unwilling to share the horse with me. "That isn't fair and right to you," he said. "Ill-luck was mine and I'm willing to fight my way out alone. You stand a chance of finding your way out; together your chance is severed in two."

He proceeded to take his course again, but I covered him with my revolver and called him to stop. He smiled at me over the weapon, pleasantly.

"Oh, that has no terrors for me now," he said. "That, you know, would be rather a favor compared to this," and he waved his hand in the direction where earth and sky meet.

"Look here, Darrington, you fail to get my idea," I said. "Either we get out or not together, as the case may be. If you refuse to ride, I'm going to walk."

The expression of his face instantly changed. Coming up close, he looked at me for what seemed a very long time. Then, without a word, he climbed up behind me, and we started once more our pathless ramble upon the chartless and sandy sea.

The horse lasted a day and one-half longer. When we began our wandering on foot we were unable to speak above a whisper, and without water. The remainder of our journey is hazy. Somehow we kept with one another. It is all a blur to me, a nightmare of fire, waking in spasms to discover Darrington falling at my side. Then there is a faint recollection of finding him on the ground and my inability to arouse him, of dragging him, then of crawling, swooning and crawling again, with a bloody mist before my eyes, then, blank.

A shepherd watching his flock near the fringe of desert espied two tiny objects upon its pale face which appeared to him very slowly moving. Being of an inquisitive nature, he investigated, and it is to him we are indebted for our lives.

That was twenty-one years ago, and Darrington and I have been going it with each other ever since. In those twenty years he has not let slip by one summer spending a month or two on my farm at the lake. I have taught all his kids to ride and rope and tether. He still has that smile, which seemed to change astonishingly since our rambling on sandy seas. I am not ashamed to admit that I was in error. The antithetical nature of our beings which inspired hate was one caused through ignorance and misunderstanding which is all as old as the hills. We have talked it over and laid its memory away, for we have come to the conclusion that it was wisely given us, thus to make entry into each other's lives, and that this hatred was as a terrible, raging, and fierce fire, wherein the waste and refuse is burned away, while the gold comes forth pure, true, stronger, and richer for the burning.—San Francisco Argonaut.

### The Brute.

"I think I'll sue for divorce on the grounds of extreme cruelty."

"What has your husband done?"

"Why, he wants me to wear my horse show gown to the automobile exhibit."—Kansas City Journal.

Once in a very great while we meet a girl who knows how to handle a man as well as a young widow does.

A girl likes an honest young man—if he isn't too honest to steal a kiss

## THE MAN AT THE PLOW HANDLES.

Just a thought in recognition of a fellow who seldom gets into the newspapers. He doesn't make much news. He knows mighty little about the "city ways" of making money. He has a fine liking for clean financial methods and a hearty scorn for all that is crooked. Perhaps it is his manner of living that makes him want to be honest. Let that man see a problem play, one of those things that serve to satisfy the jaded appetites of metropolitan people, and you'll find a splash of red on his tanned cheek and he will wonder how it is possible for women to be present. Tell him about bribery and stock jobbing and franchise stealing and a few of the thousand forms of gouging the public, and you will jar his faith in the natural goodness of humanity.

In the spring this type of good American citizen is following a plow. It is hard work. It puts a big ache in the neck and callouses on the hands. It destroys the complexion. It calls for brown overalls and perspiration. The man is happy in his work. He whistles as he trudges along in the furrow. He clucks to the horses, and finds joy in the freedom of his life. He doesn't go into raptures over green fields and singing brooks and songs of birds. They are a part of his environment. They are routine, but he loves them just the same.

He has an enormous burden on his broad shoulders. He feeds the world. He is the brother of life itself. He toils long hours. His primary object in working is his own welfare. But he feeds the world. He makes existence possible. He is the head of the procession in which are marching the doctor, the lawyer, the banker, the idler. He is the fountainhead of wealth and prosperity. He is the creditor of humanity. It is well to remember with gratefulness this man in overalls, who follows the plow and whistles as the brown earth reveals its richness and prepares to bring forth the fruits of the field.

## POPULAR SCIENCE

A cent's worth of electricity, at the average price in this country, will raise ten tons twelve feet high with a crane in less than a minute.

A French chemist has advanced the theory that the odors from vegetation disseminated through the air diminish the actinic powers of the solar radiations sufficiently to affect photography.

No coal is mined in this country lower than a depth of 2,200 feet, while several English mines penetrate 3,500 feet down, and there are mines in Belgium 4,000 feet deep. Eight inch seams of coal are mined commercially abroad, while few veins less than fourteen inches thick are worked in this country.

In a paper read before the Institution of Electrical Engineers at Manchester, England, recently, the maximum output of the five power-stations at Niagara Falls was stated at 320,000 horse-power, distributed over a distance of 150 miles. This distance will soon be increased to 250 miles, and then, said the authors of the paper, such a system of distribution will be in operation as would, if it were installed in England, supply the whole country with the electrical energy it required, from one central station.

Recent experiments by Dr. W. von Oechelhauser, in Germany, have resulted in the production from the decomposition of ordinary coal-gas in vertical retorts of a gas possessing a lifting power of about one kilogram (two and one-fifth pounds) per cubic meter. The lifting power of lighting-gas has been calculated at seven-tenths of a kilogram per cubic meter. Compared with hydrogen, the new gas has a lifting power of in the proportion of 1,000 to 1,050. A balloon of 1,000 cubic meters filled with the new gas would lift 660 pounds more than the same balloon filled with ordinary gas.

The effect of chemistry on civilization, says Dr. Maximilian Toch, has been greater than that of any other science. "Engineering made but little progress until steel and cement, two chemical products, were cheapened, simplified, and made universal." Medicine owes to chemistry the discovery of synthetic drugs, and of anesthetics, and the progress that has been made in the study of metabolism. The twentieth century promises even to outstrip the nineteenth in chemical progress, which will lie in the direction of controlling foodstuffs, applying the raw materials in the earth, and refining of metals.

Practically all the important infirmaries and hospitals in England have their own electric generating stations, and the size of the installations, says the London Times, would surprise the majority of engineers. The equipment has to be designed with unusual care, owing to the special conditions which prevail in hospital work. Even where a public supply is available, the use of an independent system is justified on account of the security which it gives against failure of current at a critical moment. The installations are used for lighting, heating, ventilating telephoning and other purposes, and many hospitals have laundries operated electrically. One county asylum has its own private electric railway for conveying supplies from the nearest railway station.

### A Nice Calculation.

Two very dear old ladies walked up to the window where tickets were to be sold for two popular concerts. They wanted tickets for both nights but alas! those for the second evening were all gone. This was the more popular entertainment of the two.

"I'm so sorry, my dear!" pattered one of the old ladies to the other "We did want to go, didn't we, and we wanted to go both nights."

"You couldn't give us two tickets for each night?" inquired the other, of the clerk.

"No, ma'am."

"You haven't two seats anywhere for the second night?"

"No, ma'am. Couldn't give you nose room."

A great resolution beamed upon her gentle face.

"Then," said she firmly, "give me four tickets for the first night. We will make them do."

"Why, sister," quavered the other, "are you going to invite somebody?"

"No," said she, "but if we can't go both nights——" She paused, bewildered, quite out of her calculation. Then a happy thought struck her, and she added, "We'll go twice the first night."

### Turned Round.

It was the first time Bobby had ever been away from home without his mother, and he had gone with some reluctance to visit his city cousins. At the end of three days, instead of the expected week, he returned to his family, accompanied by a letter which stated that the little fellow was so homesick they were really afraid to keep him longer.

"What made you homesick, Bobby?" asked his mother at the confidential bedtime hour.

"I wasn't, 'zactly," said Bobby, "but the sun sets in the wrong place there, mother, over in the east, by our barn, and it scared me so I thought I'd better come home and see if everything was right here—and 'tis!"

New York theater managers estimate that the nightly attendance at the city's places of amusement is 2,600 more than it was one year ago.

Why is it that married women never wear as much false hair as unmarried women?

The stuff used to kill a smell is usually worse than the smell.

## SOMETHING FOR EVERYBODY

The wind gauge on shipboard registers up to 105 miles an hour, which is as much speed as anyone expects.

A discarded automobile tire makes a good life preserver. Its buoyancy is sufficient to keep several persons afloat.

According to the United States census tables, based on the present growth, the population of New York City will be 9,000,000 in 1930. Manhattan island will then have 4,000,000.

Siam has adopted the gold standard, which really was promulgated in 1908, and henceforth the unit of the Siamese monetary system will have a value equal to 55.8 centigrams of pure gold.

Baltimore's school board has under consideration the question of allowing corporal punishment in the public schools. The subject has been referred to a committee, to confer with the teachers.

Portuguese gardeners at Punta Delgada, on St. Michaels, Azores, are getting rich raising fine pineapples under glass for the New York market. They are the biggest and best that reach that town.

The cup of St. Jacques, which, in New York, is a dessert of delight, with its peaches, cherries, pineapple, orange and citron en compote in delicate ices, becomes in Paris a wretched compound of sliced sour apple in mushy snow.

French lights are the best along the shores, say the navigators. They are posted low, close to the water line, and so do not mislead like the Italian pharos perched high above the sea. They have the best lenses and are always visible.

The project for building a new iron railway bridge across the Neva in St. Petersburg has now been worked out, and the bridge is to be begun without delay. The bridge will be of an extremely simple pattern, and its length is to be 1,750 feet.

The last statement of the interest-bearing debt of the United States makes the total $897,253,990, while the gross bonded indebtedness of New York city at its last statement was $905,260,115. The metropolis is carrying $8,006,125 more than the nation.

There has recently been launched at Bath, Me., the largest wooden vessel ever built in the United States. The Wyoming, as she has been named, is a six-masted schooner of 3,730 gross tons, with a total length over all of 350 feet. Next to her in size among wooden vessels is the William L. Douglas, with a gross tonnage of 3,708.

Sausage is served as an adjunct to roast chicken on the London & Great Western dining cars. It rather resembles a frankfurter in flavor and texture. The dining car service is diligent and well-meaning and the food is simple and plain. The car itself has about the same aspect of luxury as an American freight caboose.

The common law of England is an ancient collection of unwritten maxims and customs of British, Saxon and Danish origin, which, by long use and approval, have become fundamental in English jurisprudence. Many of the principles of the English common law hold in this country, and throughout the English-speaking world as well.

As to the name Smith, a correspondent of the London Chronicle points out that while there are now about 350,000 members of the great family in England alone, in Old Testament times, according to the first book of Samuel, "there was no Smith throughout the land of Israel." This verse the late Bishop Wilberforce said was the hardest one in the Bible to quote without smiling.

Just before the American fleet left for its famous trip around the world there was some newspaper talk of a possible clash with Japan. The yarn goes that a highly placed person asked Admiral Schroeder what he would do if the Japanese fired on his ship. Schroeder sniffed. "They won't fire on my ship," said he, positively. "But if they did?" "Now," said Schroeder, angrily, "if they did, hey? What the dickens do you think I'd do? Sue 'em?"

"Love your wife like your soul, and beat her like your carpet." This is a Russian proverb. Another of the same spirit: "Not long hurt the bumps from a loved one's thumps." Wives have undoubtedly been subjected to much ill-treatment in Russia, where most husbands have always held to the opinion that "Liberty spoils a good wife." Some Russian proverbs are cynical as to the delights of matrimony, and most married men know how to say: "Wed once, wail always."

Not being in sympathy with certain actions of the hereditary branch of the British Parliament, the London Chronicle has been speculating on the possible future of the word "lord:" "So far it has resisted the democratization that has befallen 'lady;' no one talks of 'chorus lords,' or begins a speech with 'Ladies and lords!' In modern Greek, however, 'lordos' means simply 'Mr.,' and it would be rash to predict that our descendants will not all be 'lords' in the twenty-first century."

The fiction of a constant bee—that is, of a bee which keeps to one species of flower on a single journey—dies hard. Thus the writer of a note in the Field on "Bees, Flowers and Fruit" says: "The same bee passes from one to the other colored varieties of the same species, though rarely, if ever, visiting other species of similar color. * * * It is probable that bees discriminate between flowers in this fashion, as the keeping qualities of the nectar might be interfered with if the loads from different species were mixed."

# Hood's Sarsaparilla

Leads all other medicines in the cure of all spring ailments, humors, loss of appetite, that tired feeling, paleness and nervousness. Take it.

Get it today in usual liquid form or tablets called Sarsatabs. 100 Doses $1.

**The Dental War Will Save You Money**

You save a dollar, I make a dollar, and the Dental Combine will lose two dollars when I do your Dental work. I am not competing with cheap Dentists, but with the State Dental Combine; and while this Dental war lasts, all Dental work will be done at my office for just half the combine prices. The Brown Dental Offices have been established at 713 First Ave., Seattle, for seventeen years, and now has nine associate assistant specialists. You can always save your expenses to Seattle by having your Dental work done by

**EDWIN J. BROWN, D.D.S.**
713 First Avenue SEATTLE, WASH.

Open evenings until 9:00 and Sundays until 6:00 p. m., for people who work.

**Trial Bottle Free By Mail**

**FITS**

If you suffer from Epilepsy, Fits, Falling Sickness, Spasms, or have children that do so, my New Discovery will relieve them, and all you are asked to do is to send for a Free Trial $2 Bottle of Dr. May's

**Epilepticide Cure**

It has cured thousands where everything else failed. Guaranteed by May Medical Laboratory Under Pure Food and Drugs Act, June 30th, 1906 Guaranty No. 18971. Please write for Special Free $2 Bottle and give AGE and complete address

**DR. W. H. MAY, 548 Pearl Street, New York.**

## Choice Flower Seeds

Only 2 Cents a Package.

This is the exceptional offer we are now making. You have the privilege of making your own selections from our fine assorted stock. Send stamps with order. Ask for our handsome free catalogue. SANDAHL & SON, Inc. Seed and Nurserymen, 120 Pike Street, Seattle, U. S. A.

REDUCE THE COST OF LIVING; USE CRESCENT BAKING POWDER 25c. FULL POUND

**Automobile Bargains $200 and up.**
List mailed free. Send for it.
**Automobile Exchange**
715 E. Pine st., Seattle

**Old Homtstead**
Canned Goods are the Best
Ask your grocer why.
If he doesn't tell you, ask us.
SYLVESTER BROS. CO., Seattle


## IN A NUTSHELL

The Heinrich Hotel at Brockport, N. Y., was destroyed by fire.

Pittsburg, Kan., adopted the commission form of government by a majority of twenty-one votes.

The annual convention of the American Mining Congress will be held at Los Angeles from Sept. 26 to Oct. 1.

A teaspoonful of lemon juice in a cupful of tepid water will remove all stains from nails and skin and loosen the cuticle better than a sharp instrument.

Round jelly cake pans make excellent pot covers by turning upside down and placing in center a small wooden knob, obtainable of any grocer. Two can be bought for 5 cents.

New linen for working upon should be rubbed over with a dry cake of soap. This will render the fabric soft, so that drawing threads of embroidery upon it will be much facilitated.


## STOMACH ILLS MAY SEEM TRIFLES

It is certainly time to take immediate action if you would ward off a serious sick spell. It is positive proof of a weak stomach and deranged digestion and for which you cannot take a better medicine than Hostetter's Stomach Bitters; but remember this, the longer you put off giving the assistance needed by the digestive system the harder it is going to be to cure you. We know of hundreds of cases, taken in hand at the very beginning, in which a short course of the Bitters proved very efficacious. Therefore, be persuaded to get a bottle today from your druggist or dealer, and thus avoid all possible danger of a sick spell. It is a wonderful tonic and invigorant for overworked, nervous and run-down persons, and in cases of Poor Appetite, Bloating, Heartburn, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Costiveness and Malaria it is the best.


## BITS FOR BOOKWORMS

Rev. Cyrus Townsend Brady's novel, "The Island of Regeneration," has been barred from the Toledo Public Library.

Professor William James has been elected an honorary associate of the Academy of Moral and Political Science at Paris.

Sir H. H. Johnston has written a book on "The Negro in the New World," embodying the results of his study of the color problem in the United States, the West Indies and tropical America.

Jack London takes issue with a California preacher as to the meaning of his novel, "Martin Eden." "Dr. Brown misunderstands the work as an indictment of materialism," he said. "I wrote it as an indictment of individualism."

Lord Morley, in his biography of Gladstone, deliberately omitted any direct treatment of the religious aspect of Gladstone's life. D. C. Lathbury has been engaged for some years on the preparation of a complementary study which will bear the title, "The Religious Life of William Ewart Gladstone."

The English are not alone in their desire to stamp out the plague of improper books. In Vienna the other day the police swooped down upon some thirty thousand volumes in one shop and carried them off for destruction. The result has been a renewed plea for stricter supervision of the books placed upon public sale.

Mark Twain before his return to Bermuda said: "My active work in this life and for this world is done. I shall write no more books, attempt no more lectures or new work. I have half a dozen unfinished books that I have hardly touched in three years. Among them is my autobiography, of which 100,000 words have been written. There are still 500,000 to write."

A new book by Newman Smyth, D. D., will be published early this spring. The title is "Modern Belief in Immortality," and the book gives a compact but exceedingly suggestive and illuminating discussion of the foundations for a belief in immortality and particularly of the new reasons for that belief, drawn from the scientific discovery and research of to-day, which have supplanted the older arguments.

Dr. Charles W. Eliot has been enabled to prevent the University Extension Library from duplicating his Harvard classics. "It is to be regretted," says the Publishers' Weekly, "that any publisher should endeavor to pirate Dr. Eliot's idea, to the benefit of which he is fully entitled, and it is well that Justice Newburger has found it quite possible under the New York statute against the use of a name or picture without the owner's consent for commercial purposes, to give him effectual protection. The decision certainly makes for firmer ground for equity in the book trade."

In the eighteenth century as to-day your poet sometimes gave himself up to rueful reflections on the market value of his wares. In a letter of Cowper's lately sold at auction, occurs this reference: "I am no very good arithmetician, yet I calculated the other day in my morning walk that my two volumes at the price of three guineas will cost the purchaser less than the seventh part of a farthing per line. Yet there are lines among them that have cost me the labor of hours." How Cowper would have opened his eyes at the "oodles of money" made by some of his successors, such as Tennyson or Kipling.

Louis Joseph Vance, author of "The Fortune Hunter, was born in Washington, D. C., in 1879, and has been a writer of short stories and contributor to magazines since 1901. Previous to 1907 he had written several novels, but in that year "The Brass Bowl," his first big success, was brought out. It was followed the next year by "The Black Bag," and since then by "The Bronze Bell" and "The Pool of Flame," all of which have been unusually successful. Mr. Vance is at present in Bermuda, where he is engaged in writing a new novel which will probably appear under the title of "No Man's Land."

Dr. William Edgar Geil, author of "The Great Wall of China," is now leading another scientific expedition through China. He writes to his publishers: "One of the principal objects of my return to China is to make a study of the Americans and Europeans living there. I want to ascertain as far as I can just what influence Europeans and Americans have had on their latter day history, whether those Americans who have settled in China are really representative of our country and whether they have left any impression upon the Chinese people. I shall visit every province of China, traveling from end to end of the vast country and searching for new material by which I hope to make Americans understand more fully what a remarkable and interesting country the Celestial Kingdom really is."

**An Englishman's Legislative Ways.**

"'Tis a curious fact," said a government shark,
As he read about commons and peers,
"That an Englishman votes with his ayes and his noes,
And expresses applause with 'ears.'"
—Harvard Lampoon

## SINGING OLD SONGS

**Nation's Lawmakers Pay Tribute to America's Prominent Bards.**

A group of senators had gathered in the committee room. It had been a hard day, in which there had been incessant study of schedules, interspersed with wrangles over technical points, that had been wearisome. In the midst of the silence and gloom some one started to hum an old song, half-forgotten by many present. Then others began to sing or whistle familiar airs, and tell incidents of interest and moment connected with those songs that had been turning points in their own lives. Finally it was agreed among the small body of senators that, after a summary was made of the songs of the country, two names stood out prominently in American music—John Howard Payne, whose remains were brought back to Washington from foreign soil by a grateful republic, and Stephen C. Foster, says Joe Mitchell Chapple in the National Magazine. The many melodies connected with those two names will live long in the hearts of the people. It was suggested that the remains of Stephen C. Foster ought also to be brought to Washington ond rest beside those of John Howard Payne in Oakhill Cemetery.

It is a singular thing that the immortal song, "Home, Sweet Home," should have been written by an American, and yet was sung first on foreign soil in 1823. It was Jenny Lind who immortalized this song in Washington. The lawmakers of the nation stood there in the twilight and paid a tribute to these two great song writers which was certainly indicative of the power of music over the human heart.

It was agreed that the songs of Stephen C. Foster, the Pennsylvania balladist, which have been translated into every language under heaven, and have touched the hearts of human beings of every race and clime, have immortalized their writer. The senators agreed that this sweet minstrel of the United States ought to have a monument such as would be worthy of one who had left so deep an impress upon the world's history.

## QUEER STORIES

Paris has 30,000 liquor selling establishments.

The army is experimenting with transmitting bugle calls for long distances with the aid of the megaphone.

In the time of King Canute, the eleventh century, there was a law prohibiting English parents from selling their children to the Irish for slaves.

The Arabic mission of the Reformed Church in America has obtained permission to erect a hospital at Bassorah, near the Persian gulf, according to Consul-General Harris at Smyrna.

Mme. Anna Rogstad, the first woman member of the Storthing, which is the lower house in the Norwegian parliament, was a teacher in one of the primary grades of the public schools in Christiania when elected.

An Alma girl who is considered as belonging to the high-brow crowd was the object of a serenade the other night, and in telling a friend about it, said: "I don't think there is nothing more nicer than to be woken up at night with vocal singing."—Alma (Kas.) Signal.

Of all the strange stories going the rounds about Sidis, the boy mathematical marvel at Harvard, the strangest, and one that is vouched for, is that he has no sense of location and has to be led from place to place. He goes from building to building at Harvard, but it is said he can not go from one town to another wtihout a companion.—Boston Record.

Living at the present time near Manchester, England, is a family of eight sisters and a brother whose united ages reaches the stupendous total of 607 years. The members of the family, named Stevenson, are: Caroline, 77; Jane, 74; Margaret, 72; Ann, 69; Robert, 67; Betsy, 65; Alice, 63; Emma, 61, and Sarah, 59. Five of the sisters and the brother are married.

The French end of the Corniche road is kept in perfect repair by a road gang that is always on patrol. The men live in a big green van, which is hauled along by the steam roller, that also acts as a traction engine. Crushed stone is ready at hand. It is spread by manual labor and rolled in by the heavy machine. In this way the roads never go to wreck and the cost of repairing is kept small.

"Bull con," a slang phrase which means to flatter, to praise with ulterior motives, had its origin in the west years ago. When the gold brick game was started the bunko men sprang a fine, high sounding combination of words upon the simple farmers. They called it an investment in "bullion consolidated." Years after the words were cut down to "bull con," and came to mean any graft that depended upon the gift of gab. Still later it was used to describe the method of flattery.

**No Excuse for It.**

"I suppose," said a sympathetic neighbor, "that you will erect a handsome monument ot your husband's memory!" "To his memory?" echoed the tearful widow. "Why, poor John hadn't any. I was sorting over some of his clothes to-day and I found the pockets full of letters I had given him to post."—Human Life.

There is probably no greater handicap than vanity


# Non-alcoholic Sarsaparilla

If you think you need a tonic, ask your doctor. If you think you need something for your blood, ask your doctor. If you think you would like to try Ayer's non-alcoholic Sarsaparilla, ask your doctor. Consult him often. Keep in close touch with him.

**Ayer's**
We publish our formulas
We banish alcohol from our medicines
We urge you to consult your doctor

Ask your doctor to name some of the results of constipation. His long list will begin with sick-headache, biliousness, dyspepsia, thin blood, bad skin. Then ask him if he would recommend your using Ayer's Pills.

—Made by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.—

**SASH AND DOORS**
FROM MILL DIRECT TO YOU
SAVE RETAILERS PROFIT
WE SHIP ANYWHERE
WRITE FOR CATALOGUE
O. B. WILLIAMS CO. SEATTLE WASH.

**Kelster's Ladies' Tailoring College**

Designing, Cutting, Fitting, Tailoring and Dressmaking Taught.
French Patterns cut. Strictly up to date in every style and fashion.
Positions secured for graduates.
Write for terms. 1509 14th Ave.
SEATTLE

# LAZY LIVER

"I find Cascarets so good that I would not be without them. I was troubled a great deal with torpid liver and headache. Now since taking Cascarets Candy Cathartic I feel very much better. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as the best medicine I have ever seen."

Anna Bazinet,
Osborn Mill No. 2, Fall River, Mass.

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. 888


A sarcastic writer has suggested that the 250 Krupp guns which Chile recently ordered must be intended to protect the peace statue placed by that country and Argentina on the summit of the Andes.


# CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher


"In five years from now," says an eminent physician, "it will not be respectable to be ill." Does he think all the vermiform appendices will have been removed in the meantime?


**DR. MARTEL'S FEMALE PILLS.**

Seventeen Years the Standard. Prescribed and recommended for women's ailments—a scientifically prepared remedy of proven worth. The result from their use is quick and permanent. For sale at all drug stores.


**Creamed Pineapple.**

Whip one-half pint of cream; drain one can of shredded pineapple and stir the pulp into the cream. Chill and serve in sherbet cups.


SORE EYES, weak, inflamed, red, watery and swollen eyes, use PETTIT'S EYE SALVE. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.


So successful is Maine as a potato-growing state that it is held up as an example to other states. The president of the New York Central Railroad has lately made the statement that if the New York farmers were to pursue the method of cultivation that is used in Maine they would increase their income fifty-two million dollars a year.


Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.


Total resources of all the banks in the United States reach $21,100,000,000. Industry and sobriety are grand little tools, are they not?


**Here Is Relief for Women.**

If you have pains in the back, Urinary, Bladder or Kidney trouble, and want a certain, pleasant herb cure for woman's ills, try Mother Gray's AUSTRALIAN-LEAF. It is a safe and never-failing regulator. At Druggists' or by mail 50 cts. Sample package FREE. Address, the Mother Gray Co., Le Roy, N. Y.


Gumption schools is the name which is being used in London to describe a series of manual training schools that the county council is about to open. The originator of the plan said that the schools would "develop gumption in a child." He may be right, but in America gumption is a quality which is commonly supposed to be inborn, with the power to develop itself if it has half a chance.

The "little fellers" who are barred from the college football teams because of underweight or other physical inadequacy may find comfort in the declaration of a prominent medical journal that they are the ones who live the longest, and not only that, but they are as a whole the best brain-workers and make the best record of scholarship. There should be some compensation in this for the failure to become gridiron heroes and the admired of the fair sex, which is so captivating to young manhood. But we have no doubt that almost any one of them would willingly forego the chance of greater longevity and future scholastic distinction for present athletic glory. However, if what the medical paper says is true, there is a powerful suggestion in it for the adoption of milder athletics. The football selections take the strongest and soundest and relegate to the bleachers the men who are most in need of training to develop their feeble physiques. Now if the statistics show that on the average the latter outlive those who are subjected to the severe football training, the inference is clear. The men who are strongest in youth and whose organs are perfect should naturally live longer than the feeble and defective. Does the severe training and the strain of combat exhaust the vitality of the giants and make them less fit for the grind of everyday existence than the pygmies? The trend of modern athletic teaching is towards milder exercise. The idea is to develop a reasonable degree of muscular strength and bodily activity without putting the heart out of commission. But in football as now played in American institutions of learning there can be no mild, or even middle course. It demands that human strength and endurance be keyed up to its utmost limit.

Last year about four million boxes of grapefruit were consumed in this country, although no longer than fifteen years ago this popular breakfast table delicacy was without commercial value and had no place upon the American bill of fare. Florida and California are the sources of a large part of the supply, and it is also cultivated to a great extent in Jamaica and the Isle of Pines. The grapefruit, or pomelo, with other members of the Citrus family, was brought to Florida by the Spaniards about four centuries ago. It grows in great yellow bunches upon trees that attain a height of thirty feet.

Sometimes when a girl marries a farmer in order that she may pick roses wet with dew, she learns that he has a hog aviary near the house. This we glean from the perennial fireside philosopher of Atchison, Kan.


**Builders Bargain House**

Only 40c For this 1-Light Sash

China Closet Glass Door $1.00.

You can save big money by buying sash and doors, tools, builders' hardware and paints of us. Everything for building at lowest prices.

Get our estimate on goods prepaid to your station. Catalog mailed anywhere free.

Ainslie Boyd Co
"Reliable Dealers"
2021 Westlake SEATTLE

**TRIALS of the NEEDEMS**

Munyon's Paw Paw Pills coax the liver into activity by gentle methods. They do not scour, gripe or weaken. They are a tonic to the stomach, liver and nerves; invigorate instead of weaken. They enrich the blood and enable the stomach to get all the nourishment from food that is put into it. These pills contain no calomel; they are soothing, healing and stimulating. For sale by all druggists in 10c and 25c sizes. If you need medical advice, write Munyon's Doctors. They will advise to the best of their ability absolutely free of Charge. MUNYON'S, 53d and Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

Send 10c for Trial Package.

**GOLDEN WEST**
COFFEE
TEA SPICES
BAKING POWDER
EXTRACTS
JUST RIGHT
A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE
CLOSSET & DEVERS
PORTLAND, ORE.

**BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES**

A convenient and effective remedy for Coughs and Hoarseness. Invaluable in Bronchial and Lung Troubles and to Singers and Speakers for clearing the voice. Entirely free from opiates or any harmful ingredient. Price, 25 cents, 50 cents and $1.00 per box. Sample mailed on request.
JOHN I. BROWN & SON, Boston, Mass.

**KOW-KURE**

is not a "food"—it is a medicine, and the only medicine in the world for cows only. Made for the cow and, as its name indicates, a Cow Cure. Barreness, retained afterbirth, abortion, scours, caked udder, and all similar affections positively and quickly cured. No one who keeps cows, whether many or few, can afford to be without KOW-KURE. It is made especially to keep cows healthy. Our book "Cow Money" sent FREE. Ask your local dealer for KOW-KURE or send to the manufacturers.
DAIRY ASSOCIATION CO. Lyndonville, Vt.

**FOR SALE—Small Sawmill**

Capacity 3,000 to 8,000 feet per day with 6 to 8 horse power. Will handle logs 40 inches to 28 ft. long. Mill complete with all fixtures, including 54 inch saw. Suitable for farm use or small tie mill. NEW MILL on cars Seattle, $325.00.

**Perine Machinery Co.**
Seattle, Wash.



S N U No. 15—1910



WHEN writing to advertisers please mention this paper.

SEND THIS AD. FOR FREE PREMIUM LIST

**Pacific Coast Biscuit Company**
Portland Seattle Spokane
Ask for Their Goods and

SAVE THESE SWASTIKA END SEALS THEY ARE VALUABLE
They Will Secure You Many Useful Articles Without Cost

**WHERE TO SHOP AND STOP IN SEATTLE**

**DR. C. S. HINES, DENTIST.**
Expert in crown and bridge work. All work guaranteed, and painless. Open Sunday. 307½ Pike St., Seattle. Phone Ind. L4619.

**CLUB BATHS, INC.**
Get the habit of taking a Turkish bath when in the city. Private rooms at less than hotel rates, with Turkish bath included. Arctic Club Building, Third and Yesler.

**ST. PAUL DENTISTS.**
Crown and bridge work is our specialty. Lady attendants always present. Special attention given out-of-town patients. Snoqualmie Hotel Bldg., Third and Pike, Seattle.

**"MOHLER BARBER COLLEGE."**
Men and Women: We teach the Barber trade thoroughly and completely; students earn $3 to $6 per week while learning; expert instructor. 120 First Ave. South, Seattle, Wash.

**Patent Attorney and Mechanical Engineer.**—H. L. Reynolds, formerly examiner in U. S. Patent Office. Eight years' practice in New York City. Preliminary advice and information free. Write now. 503 Hinckley Block, Seattle.

# PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye.—One 10c package colors Silk, Wool and Cotton equally well and is guaranteed to give perfect results. Ask dealer or we will send post paid at 10c a package. Write for free booklet how to dye, bleach and mix colors.
MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

# E. E. HOPKINS
GROCERY CO.

Phone 33

Start the New Year Right

Buy your Groceries and Feed from a store that carries finest and best line in the city to choose from.

OPERA HOUSE BLOCK

Pay for the best and get it.



# Harness & Saddlery SHOP

A complete line of

Light and Heavy Harness, Saddles, All the different kinds Collars Harness Repairs and Various Trimmings

Repairing of all kinds neatly done and given Prmpt Attention

Chas. Brandt, Prop.

By the CITY SCALES



# Your Valuable Papers are not Safe at Home

We will store hem in our vault free of charge and expect in return that you will do your business with us.

KEEP IN MIND

Citizens National Bank

Port Angeles, Wash



# Mrs. M. E. Troy

Instructions in China Decorations and Water Colors and Oil.

Conventional and Naturalistic work a specialty

Orders Executed

Front St. near Johnson & Bork



# For Sale

Gasoline, 2 and 4 cycle

Ferro Marine Engine

Gasoline, Benzine, Distillate, Fuel Oil and Cup Grease

J. M. Martin

Oak Street Dock


## SEQUIM

Walter Grant has his houses nearly completed on his ten acre near-Sequim.

The smiling face of our genial Watkins man, Chester Hamilton, is around with his big wagon again.

E. Gerren is getting a lot of clearing done on his place.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Carpenter have rented their home in town to Ernest Webster, and are living with their daughter, Mrs. George Hamilton.

District Superintendent F. S. Pearson is in Sequim and will remain until Sunday and will hold services in the M. E. church.

The old settlers of Clallam county will hold their annual reunion on the first day of May at Sequim. Let everybody turn out and have a good time.

Monday, p. m., Joe Priest received a telegram from Elma from his wife, who is there visiting her mother, that their little boy was very sick. As it was too late for the after noon boat, Mr. Priest took a team to Port Townsend, thence to take the first boat.

Miss Kopan, our teacher at the Independent school, resigned in favor of Miss Clara Albers. Miss Kopan has taken a school at Lake Crescent.

The Ladies Aid gave a supper March 29th at the McDonald hall for the benefit of the M. E. Church, clearing $20.25, which was very good considering the weather.

Walter Grant bought one and a half tons of dynamite last week for himself and others here on Sequim.

Nearly everybody has his garden planted and is now watching his vegetables grow.

The following are the names of the pupils of the Independent school who were neither absent nor tardy during March: Lois Barham, Vergel Barham, Ernest Belfield, Thomas Fatherson, Nettie McDonald, Flora McDougal, Archie MacDougal, Mary Pears, Mary Tinkham, Mildred Tinkham, Lillian Ware, Edwin Sherburne.

## DUNGENESS

Mr. George Lotzgesell is here putting in a crop on his ranch.

Eddie Evans left Sunday for Tacoma to take up his school work.

The baseball team are advertising a dance to take place Saturday April 11th.

No better argument for a dry town could be put forth than the conduct of a bunch of drunken loggers, who took possession of the saloons and streets Monday.

District Superintendent F. S. Pearson will preach in the church Sunday evening. He will make a few remarks on the coming election on June 20th. We hope a goodly number of our voters will be present.

The county commissioners were here Wednesday looking over the river work. Work on the improvements will be resumed again in a day or two.

Pupils neither absent nor tardy in Dungeness primary department during the month of March: Janice Brooks, Lavena Cline, Margaret Cline, Luella Codman, Florence Evans, Ella Mapes, Millie Mapes, Catherine Baker, Clarence Brooks, Stuart Clark, Elliot Clark, Dick Dennis, Frank Evans, Dewey Baker, Melvin Holston, Harris Hooper, James Mapes, Harvey Pettett, Elliot Merrill, Henry Wooten.

Monthly Attendance Report.

Number enrolled, 43; Number days present, 773; number days absent, 41; per cent of attendance 94; average number belonging, 40; no. cases of tardiness, 3; no. pupils neither absent nor tardy, 20.

## FORKS.

Prof. Duensing will attend the teacher's institute at Port Angeles next week, in consequence of which the school here will be closed during the week.

Ed. Collings bought a piano last week, the first seen on the prairie. He freighted it in from Clallam, arriving Saturday evening. Prof. Bruno Koch has been testing its tone and quality before admiring listeners.

Rev. James Oakey has been circulating the petition for a county local option election.

Landlord C. D. Sult has the plans drawn for a new hotel, but it is difficult to get lumber at present.

"The boys" are agitating the subject of a brass band for Forks.

Mr. Henry Morgenthaler bought the second piano on the prairie last week, and received it Monday. Two pianos bought in within a week is very creditable to this community.

Iver Iverson goes down to Mora this week to occupy his claim until he can prove up.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Sult, Will Iverson and Sever Johnson attended the masquerade ball at Clallam last Friday.

There will be preaching by Pastor Oakey at Quillayute Sunday afternoon, April 17th.

## BLYN.

Written for last week.

A very pretty wedding took place at high noon on March 25th at the home Mr. and Mrs. L. Zaccardo, when Miss Louise Zaccardo was united in marriage to Mr. Frank Delaney by Justice of Peace F. Balch. The bride was beautifully gowned in cream cashmere, with oriental lace and satin trimmings. A bunch of orange blossoms, worn by the mother of the bridegroom twenty-two years ago nestled in her dark hair. Miss Mable Delaney was the bridesmaid and Mr. John Zaccardo acted as best man. The rooms were prettily decorated in cedar and ferns with an effective color scheme in violet and white. They stood under an arch of cedar and flowers, held by Misses Julia Zacccardo and Ruby Delaney. A very dainty Easter luncheon was served after the ceremony. The bride received many beautiful presents, including a cut glass water set, a silver tea service, several sets of silver teaspoons and many other beautiful as well as useful gifts. The family and relatives only were present. The happy couple left on the afternoon boat for up sound.

Mr. McBee and family have moved on the Curt Dean ranch.

School closed here last Friday, the 25th, and the teacher, Miss Clara Albers, left for Sequim Sunday, to take another teacher's place for the rest of the term.

Wonderful improvements have taken place on the old Dean ranch since Mr. L. M. Hooker took possession last fall.

Mr. and Mrs. Lonsberry traded places with Mr. Button, who in turn sold the Lonsberry place to the locomoeive engineer, Mr. McKinie.

The mail carrier, Ray Hamilton, was generous y showered with rice and old shoes by all the girls in Blyn Tuesday, who had been given to understand that he had married Miss Sylvia Brown last Saturday.

## Geist-Thompson Mill Sold

Roy Madison and Miles Wait bought the Geist-Thompson saw mill and took possession Wednesday. These are two good saw mill men and have made a success in the mill business in their own mills. The bringing together of these two in one mill means something to our city for they will run this mill steady, all the time increasing the pay roll. Mr. Madison takes charge of the woods near Gettysburg and Mr. Wait will manage the mill. The mill needs some extensive repairs which have been begun already and they will rush it so as to get the mill into operation at the earliest time possible. It will necessitate two or three weeks to get everything in good running order. Messrs. Aldwell and Haggith have done a great good by securing such persons as owners that will immediately put into operation a mill that has not run steadily for several years. They will be in the market for shingles and all kinds of lumber for local and foreign trade.

## COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

The county commissioners met Monday pursuant to adjournment for routine work. Petition of H. Coventon, et al, for a county road was granted, beginning at a point on Indian Valley road 350 feet west of the section line dividing sections 28 and 29, Township 30-7, south to north line of section 32, east to northeast corner section 32, south to intersection Lutz road.

Bond of H. Coventon for contract for road work to Burnt Mountain was approved.

Upon petition of Mr. and Mrs. Guptill, plat of Guptill's addition was ordered vacated.

Petitions of Jas. Stickles and Edward Last for roads, and of R. A. Whitcomb for clearing of log jam in river were laid over.

Charles Fitzgerald road bearing was set for May 6th at 2 p. m.

Bid of Olympic Leader to do the county printing for coming year at 50c per inch per insertion was accepted and after July 1st, this paper will be the official county paper.

Rhode Island Reds' eggs for hatching from a pen of 12 hens with a laying record for December of 15 doz., January 19 doz., February of 14 doz., March of 18 doz. $1.50 for a setting of 15 eggs. Apply C.E. Fulmer. 4t.

Wanted to trade. A $35 Victor Phonograph and thirty 10 and 12 in. records, for a cow. E. Ridenour. Cor. 5th and Albert Sts.

Dr. C. C. Bowman, V. S., will be in Port Angeles 15th and 16th, and at Dungeness and Sequim 18th and 19th of each month.

Fine high grade Piano for sale cheap. Cost $400 in the east three years ago. Enquire of W. T. Caven, 9th and Chase streets. 3t

The Real Estate Range is the highest production of one of the oldest and best known stove manufacturers in the country, an improvement over their well known Star Estate. For sale by Christopherson & Leland, agents.

Something good — Finnan cured Cod, better than imported Haddies, at City Fish Market.

## A VOICE FROM PYSHT

### Moter Boat Service on the Clallam-Pysht Road.

Pysht, April 5th.—Chief operator Sutton from Port Crescent, through here last week on an inspection tour of the government telegraph line. He expected that Commissioner Erickson had a motor boat service established over the county road from Pysht to Clallam Bay! Finding that this was not so, he wired operator Rassmussen at Clallam Bay to secure the largest horses he could get and meet him at Pysht if possible. Mr. Rassmussen secured the horses and being a good horseman and also knowing the Pysht road well, he managed to get here alright. After a good rest and a hearty meal, the two gentlemen started out on their perilous trip, each having a rope around his body and the other end tight to the other's saddle strap. We are very anxious to know if the gentlemen reached their destination as we have not heard from them since.

Deputy Assessor George Talbot from the Hoko was over here last week listing personal property. He reports the county road on the Hoko in bad condition, but says the county road to Pysht is the worst he has ever seen, and he will be glad when he is once more back on the Hoko.

A rather funny accident occured to the operator, Earl Tuttle, of Pysht, as he rode to the great masquerade ball at Clallam Bay the other day. Earl was jogging along nicely on what is called the county road, when all at once his horse seemed to stumble and fall, depositing Earl in a nice soft place! Earl would not have needed a mask, had he gone to the ball, the way he was after he got on his horse again would have been sufficient.

## CITY COUNCIL

From page 1.

or convenient for the purpose of the transmission, distribution and sale of electric current for electric power, heat and light and for any other purpose for which electricity or electric power may be used, without my signature for the following reasons, to-wit:

1st. Because, without stipulation for the doing of any particular amount of work, or for the expenditure of any definite sum of money by the franchise during the life of the present council, four members of which go out of office within the year, it binds the succeeding council to a contract which may be entirely repugnant to it, and to the people of this city after that time, besides leaving the door open to litigation to determine what constitutes substantial compliance with said ordinance.

2nd. There is no guarantee that the city of Port Angeles will receive any benefit whatsoever under this franchise for the period of two years, during which time it must continue its present expensive method of development of power and cannot extend its lighting system without purchase of expensive machinery, which would have to be discarded at the end of that time, thus involving the city in great loss from the cause above mentioned or from the lack of ability to supply the growing demand for electric light power

3rd. It binds the city irrevocably for 25 years without right of purchase and without the opportunity of purchasing its current elsewhere or of producing its own current in case it could do so to advantage.

4th. It confers upon the franchisee the right to use the poles of the said city for a period of five years without recompense.

5th. There is no certainty that the works therein promised will be constructed for a long period of time or until the growth and development of the city will give assurance of many times the consumption of current.

6. In section 5 of said franchise, commencing at the last word in the 7th line, occurs this clause, "Said grantees, their successors and assigns agree in consideration of the payment of said sum of $500 per month by said city, to furnish said city 150 horsepower, and to give a continuous service of 24 hours per day, provided, however that the consumption of power by said city shall not exceed 25,000 kilowatt hours for any one month for said $500 per month. Expressing this 25,000 kilowatt hours per month in horsepower, this clause provides that franchisee shall furnish the city for the $500 per month 150 horsepower continuous service of 24 hours per day, provided, however, that the consumption of power by said city shall not exceed 47 horse power per day continuous service in any one month; or, expressing it in terms of kilowatt hours, the franchisee agrees to give the city 81,000 kilowatt hours per 30 day month, provided it does not use over 25,000 kilowatt hours. That this 25,000 kilowatt hour limiting clause was inserted in above manner for the purpose of confusing the members of this council and the public, and in order to secure by indirection what could not be secured if understood, no words from me can make plainer. But to make plainer still if need be, the McKean franchise, rejected by this council, agreed to give the city 54,000 kilowatt hours or 100 horsepower per month, while the present one agrees to give but 25,000 kilowatt hours or about 47 continuous horse power per month, less than half the amount. Besides, it gives the city no right to furnish day current for any power purpose whatever, while the McKean franchise gave the city the right to furnish dynamos with current up to 10 horsepower. In my humble opinion, the approval by me of the ordinance referred to herein would be a gross injustice to the present and future citizens of Port Angeles. I have therefor returned the same with my veto affixed, this 4th day of April, 1910. F. S. LEWIS.

## LADIES' ATHLETIC MEET

The athletic meet at Parish Hall Saturday evening called out a large and enthusiastic gathering, who were well pleased with the entertainment afforded them. Mr. MacCuller, who is a professional athlete, has had the gymnasium classes for about two months and they have made rapid progress under his excellent training. He most certainly deserves a big vote of thanks as his work and time has been given free of charge, and has proven very beneficial as well as a source of pleasure to those who attended. Thirty-six prizes were furnished by the merchants and business men of town for the various contests, a list of the successful contestants follows:

Ladies Dumbell Drill—1st, Irene Marsh. 2nd, Catherine Owen. 3rd, Margare Delebarre.

Ladies Horse Work—1st, Irene Marsh. 2nd, Mae Webster. 3rd, Angeline Ritchie.

Ladies 25 yard Dash—1st, Miss Stakemiller. 2nd, Margaret Ritchie. 3rd, Nell Marsh.

Ladies Potato Race—1st, Irene Marsh. 2nd, Margaret Delabarre. 3rd, Lorna Smith.

Ladies Three Legged Race—1st, Misses Stakemiller and Smith. 2nd, Misses Gould and Brumfield.

Ladies High Jump—1st, Angeline Ritchie. 2nd, Irene Marsh.

Ladies Indian Club Race—1st, Irene Marsh. 2nd Lorna Smith.

Boys Drill—1st, H. Bonnett. 2nd, H. Garrison. 3rd, H. Mitchell.

Boys Mat Work—1st. W. Gould. 2nd W. Weeks. 3rd, Chas. Webster.

Boys 25-yard Dash—1st, — Lusk. 2nd, H. Bonnett.

Boys Medicine Ball Race—1st Race, Blue Team, Frank Lusk, Captain.

2nd Race, Blue Team, Frank Lusk, Capt

## LODGE NOTICES

B.P.O.E.—Naval lodge No. 353, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Elks Hall, opposite Office Hotel, Visitors cordially invited.

J. R. Gallagher, Exalted Ruler.
E. D. Elliott, Secretary.

A large shipment just in of 1910 one motion collapsible Go-Carts in different colors and at popular prices; also a nice line of baby carriages. Call in and see them at H. Gutenberg Hdw. & Furniture Co.

For Sale,
The Early Minnesota potatoes for seed. F. M. Gardner, 8th and Francis street. Bx 267. 3t

Nels Nelson of Beaver was an Angeles visitor Wednesday.

At the Congregational church Sunday evening at 8 o'clock, Mr. Campbell will give a report of the Men's Missionary convention held in Seattle on April 2nd to the 11th. A meeting where 2,000 of the principal laymen of Western Washington met to discuss the work of foreign missions. It is expected the Methodist and Baptist Churches will unite with the Congregational Church in this service Sunday evening.


Thos. T. Aldwell
Established 1890.
Rooms 10 & 10a Aldwell Blk.

See him for

Real Estate
Surety Bonds
Fire Insurance
Time Investments
All Information
Cheerfully Given

Special care given property of non-residents

Thos. T. Aldwell
Established 1890.



# LEWIS LEVY

Real Estate Broker

City Property
Timber Lands
Ranches

Summer Homes on Scenic Lake Crescent

Cor. Front and Laurel,
Port Angeles, Wash.



McKee & LaFlower
FUNERAL DIRECTORS and Embalmers
Phones: LaFlower 108; McKee 105
LADY ATTENDANTS



A. D. Willson. C. E. Fulmer
WILLSON & FULMER
EMBALMERS
FUNERAL DIRECTORS
Telephones:
Willson 84. Office L. 74 Fulmer 74



C. H. GEORGE
Superintendent of Construction
I guarantee you all your plans and specifications call for or no pay.
Port Angeles, Wash.



Chas. P. Donnell
CIVIL ENGINEER
Sequim, Wash.
Both Phones



Automobile & Electrical
-: SUPPLIES :-
Gas Engine Parts
SATISFACTION -:- GUARANTEED
R. M. TOLER



JAMES STEWART
Attorney at Law
Office on Front Street
Port Angeles, Wash



Filion Mill and Lumber Co.
Manufacturers of and dealers in Rough and Dressed Lumber, Lath, Shiplap, Rustic Siding, Plain and Fancy Casing, Etc.
The Best Cedar Shingles Made.
Office and Mill on Lincoln Heights.